



2009 WaveRunner FZS

OWNER'S/OPERATOR'S MANUAL



EJU37540

Declaration of Conformity for Personal Watercraft (PWC) with the requirements of Directive 94/25/EC as amended by Directive 2003/44/EC

Revision No:

Name of PWC manufacturer: YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD.
Address: 2500 Shingai
Town: Iwata, Shizuoka Post Code: 438-8501
Country: Japan
Name of Authorized Representative (if applicable):
YAMAHA MOTOR EUROPE N.V.
Address: Koolhovenlaan 101
Town: Schiphol-Rijk Post Code: 1119 NC
Country: The Netherlands
Name of Notified Body for noise emission assessment: Luxcontrol SA
Name of Notified Body for noise emission assessment: Luxcontrol SA Address: 1, avenue des Terres Rouges BP 349
Address: 1, avenue des Terres Rouges BP 349
Address: 1, avenue des Terres Rouges BP 349 Town: Esch-sur-Alzette Post Code: L-4004
Address: 1, avenue des Terres Rouges BP 349 Town: Esch-sur-Alzette Post Code: L-4004 Country: Luxembourg ID Number: 0882
Address: 1, avenue des Terres Rouges BP 349 Town: Esch-sur-Alzette Post Code: L-4004 Country: Luxembourg ID Number: 0882 Name of Notified Body for exhaust emission assessment: Luxcontrol SA
Address: 1, avenue des Terres Rouges BP 349 Town: Esch-sur-Alzette Post Code: L-4004 Country: Luxembourg ID Number: 0882 Name of Notified Body for exhaust emission assessment: Luxcontrol SA Address: 1, avenue des Terres Rouges BP 349

Important manual information

Conformity assessment modules used: for construction: A								
Craft model Identification Nu		ng from 8 1 A	a n a	7_				
Model name / Commercial na GX1800A-H / FZS	me :		ı	□ □ Design Category: ⊠ C □ D				
IDENTIFICATION OF EIBY THIS DECLARATIO	` ,							
Combustion cycle:		2 stroke	\boxtimes	4 stroke				
Unique engine identifi or engine family code		` '	EC Type- (for exha	examination certificate ust)				
6AN			LC*2003/44*10026					
ESSENTIAL REQUIREMENTS	standards	other normative document/ method	technical file	Please specify in more detail (* = mandatory standard)				
I.A design and construction				EN ISO 13590				
I.B exhaust emissions	⊠ *			*EN ISO 8178-1:1996				
I.C noise emissions	 ★			*EN ISO 14509				
This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the PWC manufacturer. I declare on behalf of the PWC manufacturer that the craft model and engine(s) mentioned above comply with all applicable essential requirements in the way specified and are in conformity with the type for which above mentioned EC type-examination certificate(s) has(have) been issued. Name / title: S. Hayakawa / President of YAMAHA MOTOR EUROPE N.V. (identification of the person empowered to sign on behalf of the PWC manufacturer or his authorized representative) Signature: (or an equivalent marking)								

Date and place of issue: 1st / December / 2008, Schiphol-Rijk, The Netherlands

Important manual information

FJU30191

To the owner/operator

Thank you for choosing a Yamaha watercraft. This owner's/operator's manual contains information you will need for proper operation, maintenance, and care. If you have any questions about the operation or maintenance of your watercraft, please consult a Yamaha dealer

This manual is not a course on boating safety or seamanship. If this is your first watercraft, or if you are changing to a type of watercraft you are not familiar with, for your own comfort and safety, please ensure that you obtain proper training or practice before operating the watercraft by yourself. In addition, a Yamaha dealer or boating organization will be pleased to recommend local sea schools, or competent instructors.

Because Yamaha has a policy of continuing product improvement, this product may not be exactly as described in this owner's/operator's manual. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

This manual should be considered a permanent part of this watercraft and should remain with it even if the watercraft is subsequently sold.

In this manual, information of particular importance is distinguished in the following ways:

The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

EWJ00071

↑ WARNING

A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. ECJ00091

NOTICE

A NOTICE indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the watercraft or other property.

TIP:

A TIP provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

EJU30231

WaveRunner FZS
OWNER'S/OPERATOR'S MANUAL
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FJU36450

Identification numbers

Record the Primary Identification (PRI-ID) number, Craft Identification Number (CIN), and engine serial number in the spaces provided for assistance when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer. Also record and keep these ID numbers in a separate place in case your watercraft is stolen.

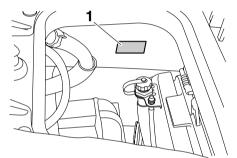
EJU30281

Primary Identification (PRI-ID) number

The PRI-ID number is stamped on a plate attached inside the engine compartment.

MODEL:

GX1800A-H (FZS)



Primary Identification (PRI-ID) number location

MODEL	PRI-I.D.	
YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD. ASSEMBLED IN U.S.A. FROM A COMPONENTS. ASSEMBLÉ AUX ÉTATS-UNIS JAPONAISES.		7
F2C-		



Craft Identification Number (CIN)

The CIN is stamped on a plate attached to the aft deck.



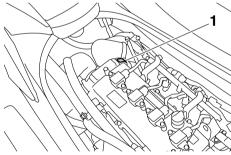
1 Craft Identification Number (CIN) location



F.II.I30310

Engine serial number

The engine serial number is stamped on a plate attached to the engine unit.



1 Engine serial number location



FJU30320

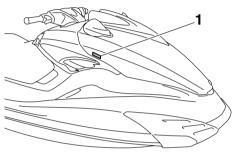
Model information

EJU30331

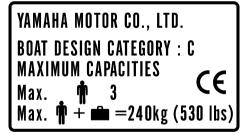
Builder's plate

Watercraft with this label conform to certain portions of the European Parliament directive relating to machinery.

Part of the information is given on the builder's plate affixed on the craft. A full explanation of this information is given in the relevant sections of this manual.



1 Builder's plate location



Design category of this personal watercraft: C

Category C:

This watercraft is designed to operate in winds up to Beaufort force 6 and the associated wave heights (significant wave heights up to 2 m (6.56 ft); see the following TIP). Such conditions may be encountered in exposed inland waters, in estuaries, and in coastal waters in moderate weather conditions.

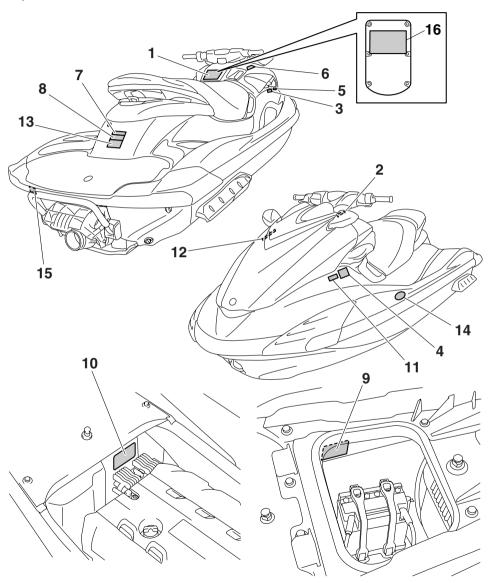
TIP:

The significant wave height is the mean height of the highest one-third of the waves, which approximately corresponds to the wave height estimated by an experienced observer. However, some waves will be double this height.

EJU30451

Important labels

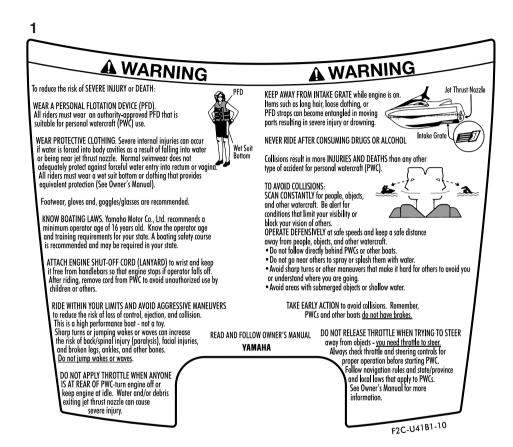
Read the following labels before operating this watercraft. If you need any additional information, contact a Yamaha dealer.



F.II.I35911

Warning labels

If any of these labels are damaged or missing, contact a Yamaha dealer for replacements.



2

A AVERTISSEMENT

Afin de limiter les risques de BLESSURES GRAYES, voire MORTELLES: FORTER UN GILET DE SAUVETAGE. Tout utilisateur doit porter un gilet de sauvetage homologué pour les scooters des mens. PORTER DES VETEMENTS PROTECTEURS. Le choc infligé par la pheitration forcée d'aux dans les orifices occopredes los d'aux de contact aux et jet d'aux de la pompe risque de provoquer des lésions graves. Le port d'un simple maillot de baux constitues pas une protection adequate contre la paissance de pheitration de l'euu dans le rectum et/ou le sagin. Tout utilisateur doit porter le pantalon d'un etcus de plongée ou tout autre rétement offrant une protection sembladel. (Voir le manuel a'utilisation.) Le port de chaussures, de gants et de luncites de plongée est recommande. CONNAITRE LES LOIS DE NAVIGATION. La Yannaha Motor Co., Ltd. recommande la limite d'agé de pilotage de 16 ans. Verifier 12 dege du pilotage que plotage de 16 ans. Verifier 12 dege du plota sits que les estigences quant à l'âge véruen per la legislation locale. Il es tréférable, et parfois requis par ce retains eligislations, de suivre un cours de sécurité maritime. ATTACHER LA LANGER DE LINTERRUPTEUR D'ARRET DU MOTEUR au poignet et l'éloigne de guidon dyn que le moteur se coupe bien en cas de chate. Après utilisation, etterre la lanière du socoter d'and de présent route utilisation por des enjants ou des personnes none autorisées.

F1B-U41B1-21

3

AAVERTISSEMENT

Afin de limiter les risques de BLESSURES GRAVES, voire MORTELLES:

RESPECTER SES LIMITES ET ÉVITER LES MANOEUVRES BRUTALES afin de limiter tout risque de petre de contrôle, d'éjection et de collision. Il s'agit d'un véhicule à hautes performances et pas d'un jouet. Des virées brusques ou le saut de sillages ou de vagues accroîl le risque de blessures au dos, voire de paralysie, de blessures au visage et de fractures diverses. Me manis smuter

aes sulages nt aes vagues. NE PAS DONNER DES GAZ LORSQUE QUELQU'UN SE TROUVE DERRIÈRE LE VÉHICULE: couper le moteur ou laisser tourner au ralenti. Fau et lou débris troietés har la nombe hourraient causer des blessures granes.

NE PAS S'APPROCHER DE LA GRILLE D'ADMISSION lorsque le moteur tourne. Cheveux longs, vêtements amples ou lanières de gilet de sauvetage risquent d'être happés, ce qui pourrait provoquer des blessures, ou même une noyade.

NE JAMAIS PILOTER APRÈS AVOIR ABSORBÉ DE L'ALCOOL, DES DROGUES OU CERTAINS MÉDICAMENTS.

F1B-U41B1-31

LIRE ET RESPECTER LES INSTRUCTIONS DONNÉES DANS LE MANUEL D'UTILISATION.

4

A AVERTISSEMENT

Les collisions sont la cause principale des BLESSURES ET DÉCÈS d'utilisateurs de scooter des mers. POUR EVITER LES COLLISIONS: ÉTRE CONSTAMMENT à l'affut de personnes, d'objets et d'autres bateaux. Être conscient des conditions limitant a visibilité on celle des autres embarcations. PILOTER AVEC PRUDENCE à des vitesses raisonnables et garder une distance de sécurité entre le scooter et toute personne, objet et embarcation.

Ne pas suivre une autre embarcation de trop près.
Ne pas se rapprocher d'autrui en vue de l'éclabousser.

 Éviter les virages brusques ou toute manoeuvre qui risque de mettre un autre pilote en danger ou qui l'empêche de pouvoir déterminer clairement la direction que l'on prend.
 Éviter les endroits où flottent des objets et les eaux peu profondes.
 RÉAGIR RAPIDEMENT en vue d'éviter les collisions. Garder à l'esprit que les

bateaux <u>n'ont pas de freins.</u> NE PAS LÂCHER LES GAZ LORSQUE L'ON ESSAYE DE S'ÉLOIGNER

d'objets-une poussée est nécessaire à la direction du scooter des mers. Toujours s'assurer avant le départ que l'accélérateur et la direction fonctionnent correctement. Suvre les lois de navigation ainsi que les législations nationales provinciales et locales concernant les scooters des mers.

YAMAHA

D'OVI L'AMAHA

VOI le manuel d'utilisation pour plus

F1B-U41B2-01

d'informations.

5

AWARNING

Casoline is highly Hammable and explosive. A fire or explosion could cause severe injury or death. Shut engine off. Refuel in well ventilated area away from flames or sparks. Do not smoke. Avoid spilling gasoline. Wipe up spilled gasoline immediately.

Remove all seats to ventilate fuel vapors from engine compartment before starting engine. Do not start engine if there is a fuel leak or a loose electrical connection.

A AVERTISSEMENT

L'essence est très inflammable et explosible. Un incendie ou une explosion risquent de provoquer des blessures graves, voire mortelles. Couper le moteur. Faire le plein dans un endroit bien aéré et éloigné de toute flamme ou étincelle. Ne pas famer. Éviter de renverser de l'essence. Essuyer immédiatement toute coulure d'essence. Déposer les selles pour évacuer les voluers d'essence du compartiment du moteur avant de mettre le moteur en marche. Ne jamais mettre le moteur en marche en cas de fuite d'essence ou si un branchement électrique est desserré.

REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE ONLY

ESSENCE NORMALE SANS PLOMB UNIQUEMENT

F1S-U415B-1

6

AWARNING

REVERSE SHIFT LEVER OPERATION:

- Shift only while engine is idling or off.
- Reverse is for low speed maneuvering only.
- Do not use reverse function to slow down or stop PWC as it could cause you to lose control, be ejected, or impact handlebars.
- Make sure that there are no obstacles or people behind you before shifting to reverse.

AAVERTISSEMENT

FONCTIONNEMENT DU LEVIER D'INVERSION DE MARCHE:

- •Inverser la marche uniquement lorsque le moteur tourne au ralenti ou lorsqu'il est coupé.
- La marche arrière est destinée exclusivement aux manœuvres à vitesse réduite.
 Ne pas sélectionner la marche arrière en vue de ralentir ou d'arrêter le scooter des mers,
- car il y a risque de perte de contrôle, d'éjection ou de heurt sur le guidon.
- S'assurer qu'il n'y a ni obstacle ni personne derrière le scooter avant d'engager la marche arrière.

F0V-U41D5-31

•

AWARNING

Do not use cleat or grips to lift PWC. PWC could fall, which could result in severe injury.

AAVERTISSEMENT

Ne pas soulever le scooter à l'aide du taquet ou des poignées. Le scooter pourrait tomber et provoquer des blessures graves.

(F1S-U41E1-11)

8

AWARNING

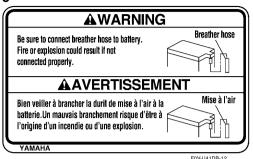
- Severe internal injuries can occur if water is forced into body cavities as a result
 of being near jet thrust nozzle.
- •Wear a wetsuit bottom or clothing that provides equivalent protection.
- •Do not board PWC if operator is applying throttle.

AAVERTISSEMENT

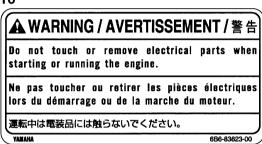
- Le choc infligé par la pénétration forcée d'eau dans les orifices corporels lors du contact avec le jet de le pompe risque de provoquer des lésions graves.
- Porter le pantaion d'une tenue de plongée ou tout autre vêtement offrant une protection semblable.
- Ne pas embarquer lorsque la pilote donne des gaz.

(F1S-U41E1-11)

9



10



11

APPLICABLE POUR LA FRANCE SEULEMENT • En France : pèrmis de conduire et immatriculation obligatoire. • Navigation en mer autorisée entre 300 mètres et 2 milles nautique. • Entre 0 et 300 mètres, se référer aux instructions nautiques locales affichées. Sinon, règle générale : vitesse maxi 5 noeuds (9Km/h) dans cette zone. • Utiliser les chenaux obligatoires de sortie lorsqu'ils existent. • Respecter les règles de priorité. • Gilet de sauvetage obligatoire-Fusée et bout de remorquage à bord. • Ne jamais conduire sous l'influence de l'alcool ou de drogues. • Consulter la météo avant de sortir en mer. • Une conduite responsable et un contrôle quotidien de votre machine suivant le manuel d'entretien YAMAHA seront garants de votre sécurité.

GP8-U416H-01

EJU36261

Other labels

12

FIRE EXTINGUISHER CONTAINER COMPARTIMENT DE L'EXTINCTEUR

F1B-U41F5-21

13

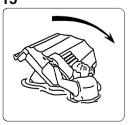
RATED PERSON CAPACITY: 3 Maximum Load: 240 kg (530 lb) Capacité Maximale: 3 personnes Charge Maximale: 240 kg(530 lb)

(F1S-U41E1-11)



The following label indicates the correct direction to upright a capsized watercraft.

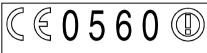
15



F1G-U418F-00

The following CE marking is located on the back of the remote control transmitter.

16



TYPE SKEA6S-01 MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP. JAPAN EJU30682

The safe use and operation of this watercraft is dependent upon the use of proper riding techniques, as well as upon the common sense, good judgment, and expertise of the operator. Before using this watercraft, make sure that its use is permitted under local laws, bylaws, and regulations, and always operate the watercraft in full conformity with any requirements and limitations imposed. Every operator should know the following requirements before riding the watercraft.

- Before operating the watercraft, read this owner's/operator's manual, the Riding Practice Guide, the Riding Instruction card, and all labels on the watercraft. These materials should give you an understanding of the watercraft and its operation.
- Never allow anyone to operate this watercraft until they too have read this owner's/operator's manual, the Riding Practice Guide, the Riding Instruction card, and all labels.

FJU30740

Limitations on who may operate the watercraft

- Yamaha recommends a minimum operator age of 16 years old.
 - Adults must supervise use by minors. Know your local operator age and training requirements.
- This watercraft is designed to carry the operator and up to 2 passengers. Never exceed the maximum load limit or allow more than 3 persons (or 2 persons if a water-skier is being pulled) to ride the watercraft at any time.



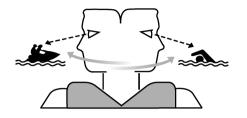
Maximum load: 240 kg (530 lb) Load is the total weight of cargo, operator, and passengers.

Do not operate the watercraft with any passengers on board until you have considerable practice and experience riding alone.
 Operating the watercraft with passengers requires more skill. Take the time to become accustomed to the handling characteristics of the watercraft before trying any difficult maneuvers.

FJU30761

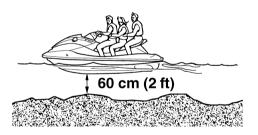
Cruising limitations

 Scan constantly for people, objects, and other watercraft. Be alert for conditions that limit your visibility or block your vision of others.



- Operate defensively at safe speeds and keep a safe distance away from people, objects, and other watercraft.
- Do not follow directly behind watercraft or other boats.
- Do not go near others to spray or splash them with water.
- Avoid sharp turns or other maneuvers that make it hard for others to avoid you or understand where you are going.
- Avoid areas with submerged objects or shallow water.
- Take early action to avoid collisions. Remember, watercraft and other boats do not have brakes.
- Do not release the throttle lever when trying to steer away from objects—you need throttle to steer. Always check throttle and steering controls before starting the watercraft.
- Ride within your limits and avoid aggressive maneuvers to reduce the risk of loss of control, ejection, and collision.
- This is a high performance boat—not a toy.
 Sharp turns or jumping wakes or waves can increase the risk of back/spinal injury (paralysis), facial injuries, and broken legs, an-

- kles, and other bones. Do not jump wakes or waves.
- Do not operate the watercraft in rough water, bad weather, or when visibility is poor; this may lead to an accident causing injury or death. Be alert to the possibility of adverse weather. Take note of weather forecasts and the prevailing weather conditions before setting out on your watercraft.
- As with any water sport, you should not operate your watercraft without someone else nearby. If you operate further than swimming distance from shore, you should be accompanied by another boat or watercraft, but make sure you stay a safe distance away. It's good, common sense.
- Never operate in water that is less than 60 cm (2 ft) deep from the bottom of the watercraft, otherwise you increase your chance of hitting a submerged object, which could result in injury.



 This watercraft is not equipped with lighting required for night operation. Do not operate the watercraft after sunset or before dawn, otherwise you increase the risk of colliding

with another boat, which could result in severe injury or death.



Follow navigation rules, and state/provincial and local laws that apply to watercraft.

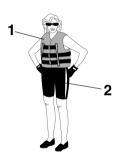
FJU30821

Operation requirements

All riders must wear a personal flotation device (PFD) that is approved by the appropriate authorities and is suitable for personal watercraft use.

• Wear protective clothing. Severe internal

injuries can occur if water is forced into body cavities as a result of falling into the water or being near the jet thrust nozzle. Normal swimwear does not adequately protect against forceful water entry into the rectum or vagina. All riders must wear a wetsuit bottom or clothing that provides equivalent protection. Such clothing includes thick, tightly woven, sturdy and snug-fitting apparel such as denim, but does not include spandex or similar fabrics, like those used in bicycle shorts.



- 1 Authority-approved PFD
- 2 Wetsuit bottom
- Eye protection is recommended to keep wind, water, and glare from the sun out of your eyes while you operate your watercraft. Restraining straps for eyewear are made which are designed to float should your eyewear fall in the water.
 - Footwear and gloves are recommended.
- You must decide whether to wear a helmet while you ride for recreation. You should know that a helmet could help protect you in

certain kinds of accidents and that it could injure you in others.

A helmet is designed to provide some head protection. Although helmets cannot protect against all foreseeable impacts, a helmet might reduce your injuries in a collision with a boat or other obstacle.

A helmet may have potential safety hazards, as well. Falling into the water could risk the chance of the helmet catching water, commonly known as "bucketing", and the resulting strain on your neck could cause choking, severe and permanent neck injuries, or death. A helmet could also increase the risk of an accident if it reduces your vision or hearing, or if it distracts you or increases your fatigue.

How should you decide if a helmet's potential safety benefits outweigh its potential risks for you? Consider your particular riding conditions. Consider factors such as your riding environment and your riding style and ability. Also consider the likelihood of traffic congestion, and the water surface conditions.

If you decide to wear a helmet based upon your riding circumstances, choose one carefully. Look for a helmet designed for personal watercraft use, if possible. If you will be engaging in closed-course competition, follow the helmet requirements of the sanctioning organization.

- Never operate the watercraft after consuming alcohol or taking other drugs.
- For reasons of safety and proper care of the watercraft, always perform the pre-operation checks listed on page 45 before operating the watercraft.
- The operator and passengers should always keep their feet on the floor of the footwell when the watercraft is in motion. Lifting

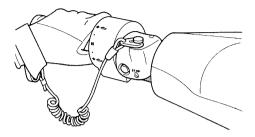
your feet increases the chances of losing your balance, or hitting objects outside the watercraft with your feet. Do not give a ride to children if their feet cannot reach the floor of the footwell.

 The passengers should hold on firmly, either to the person in front of them or to the handgrip provided.



- Never allow a passenger to ride in front of the operator.
- Always consult your doctor on whether it is safe for you to ride this watercraft if you are pregnant or in poor health.
- Do not attempt to modify this watercraft.
 Modifications to your watercraft may reduce safety and reliability, and render the watercraft unsafe or illegal for use.
- Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist and keep it free from the handlebars so that the engine stops if you, the operator, fall off. After riding, remove the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) from the wa-

tercraft to avoid accidental starting or unauthorized use by children or others.



- Scan carefully for swimmers and stay away from swimming areas. Swimmers are hard to see and you could accidentally hit someone in the water.
- Avoid being hit by another boat. You should always take the responsibility to watch for traffic; other boaters may not be watching for you. If they do not see you, or if you maneuver more quickly than other boaters expect, you risk a collision.
- Maintain a safe distance from other boats and watercraft, and also watch for ski ropes or fishing lines. Obey the "Safe boating rules" and be sure to check behind you before making a turn. (See "Safe boating rules" on page 18.)

EJU30840

Towline

Recommended equipment

The following items should be carried on board your watercraft:

- Sound-signaling device
 You should carry a whistle or other sound signaling device that can be used to signal
 other boats.
- Visual distress signals
 It is recommended that a pyrotechnic device, which is approved by the appropriate authorities, be stored in a waterproof container on your watercraft. A mirror can also be used as an emergency signal. Contact a Yamaha dealer for more information.
- Watch
 A watch is helpful so you will know how long you have been operating the watercraft.
 - A towline can be used to tow a disabled watercraft in an emergency.

FJU36850

Hazard information

- Never start the engine or let it run for any length of time in an enclosed area. Exhaust fumes contain carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless gas that may cause loss of consciousness and death within a short time. Always operate the watercraft in an open area.
- Do not touch the hot muffler or engine during or immediately after engine operation; they can cause serious burns.

EJU30920

Watercraft characteristics

 Jet thrust turns the watercraft. Releasing the throttle lever completely produces only minimum thrust. If you are traveling at speeds above trolling, you will have rapidly decreasing ability to steer without throttle.

This model is equipped with the Yamaha Engine Management System (YEMS) that includes an off-throttle steering (OTS) system. It will activate at planing speeds should you attempt to steer the watercraft after releasing the throttle lever. The OTS system assists in turning by continuing to supply some thrust while the watercraft is decelerating, but you can turn more sharply if you apply throttle while turning the handlebars.

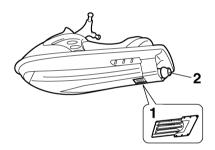
The OTS system does not function below planing speeds or when the engine is off. Once the engine slows down, the watercraft will no longer turn in response to handlebar input until you apply throttle again or you reach trolling speed.

Practice turning in an open area without obstacles until you have a good feel for this maneuver.

- This watercraft is water-jet propelled. The
 jet pump is directly connected to the engine.
 This means that jet thrust will produce some
 movement whenever the engine is running.
 There is no "neutral" position. You are in either "forward" or "reverse", depending upon
 the shift lever position.
- Do not use the reverse function to slow down or stop the watercraft as it could cause you to lose control, be ejected, or impact the handlebars.

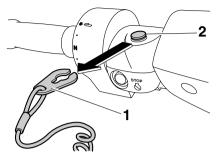
This could increase the risk of back/spinal injury (paralysis), facial injuries, and broken legs, ankles, and other bones. You could also damage the shift mechanism.

- Reverse can be used to slow down or stop during slow-speed maneuvering, such as when docking. Once the engine is idling, shift into reverse and gradually increase engine speed. Make sure that there are no obstacles or people behind you before shifting into reverse.
- Keep away from the intake grate while the engine is on. Items such as long hair, loose clothing, or PFD straps can become entangled in moving parts, resulting in severe injury or drowning.
- Never insert any object into the jet thrust nozzle while the engine is running. Severe injury or death could result from coming in contact with the rotating parts of the jet pump.



- 1 Intake grate
- 2 Jet thrust nozzle
- Stop the engine and remove the clip from the engine shut-off switch before removing

any debris or weeds, which may have collected around the jet intake.



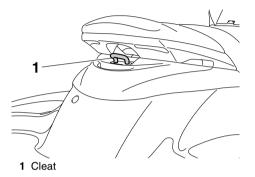
- 1 Clip
- 2 Engine shut-off switch

EJU30951

Water-skiing

You can use the watercraft for water-skiing if it has the seating capacity to carry the operator, a rearward-facing spotter, and the water-skier when he or she is not skiing.

The watercraft must also have a cleat designed to pull a ski rope; do not attach the rope to any other location.



It is the watercraft operator's responsibility to be alert to the safety of the water-skier and others. Know and follow all local water-skiing regulations in effect for the waters in which you will be operating.

The operator should be comfortable carrying passengers before attempting to pull a skier. The following are some important considerations for minimizing risks while water-skiing.

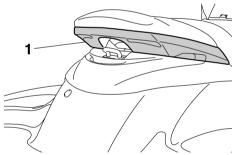
- The skier should wear an approved PFD, preferably a brightly colored one so boat operators can see the skier.
- The skier should wear protective clothing. Severe internal injuries can occur if water is forced into body cavities as a result of falling into the water. Normal swimwear does not adequately protect against forceful water entry into the rectum or vagina. The skier should wear a wetsuit bottom or clothing that provides equivalent protection.
- A second person should be on board as a spotter to watch the skier; in many places it

is required by law. Let the skier direct the operator's control of speed and direction with hand signals.

The spotter should sit astride the rear of the seat and hold onto the handgrip with both feet firmly on the floor of the footwell for proper balance while facing to the rear to watch the skier's hand signals and condition.



1 Handgrip



- 1 Handgrip
- Your control while pulling a water-skier is affected by the skier's ability, as well as water and weather conditions.
- When preparing to pull a skier, operate the watercraft at the slowest possible speed until the watercraft is well away from the skier and slack in the ski rope is taken up.

Make sure that the rope is not looped around anything.

After checking that the skier is ready and that there is no traffic or other obstacles, apply enough throttle to raise the skier.

- Make smooth, wide turns. The watercraft is capable of very sharp turns, which could exceed the abilities of the skier. Keep the skier at least 50 m (150 ft), about twice the distance of a standard ski rope, from any potential hazard.
- Be alert to the hazard of the ski rope handle snapping back at the watercraft when the skier falls or is unable to get up on the skis.
- Towing heavy or bulky objects other than skiers, such as another boat or watercraft, can cause loss of steering control and create a hazardous condition. If you must tow another boat in an emergency situation, operate slowly and cautiously.

EJU30970

Safe boating rules

Your Yamaha watercraft is legally considered a powerboat. Operation of the watercraft must be in accordance with the rules and regulations governing the waterway on which it is used.

F.IU30991

Enjoy your watercraft responsibly

You share the areas you enjoy when riding your watercraft with others and with nature. So your enjoyment includes a responsibility to treat these other people, and the lands, waters, and wildlife with respect and courtesy. Whenever and wherever you ride, think of yourself as the guest of those around you. Remember, for example, that the sound of your watercraft may be music to you, but it could be just noise to others. And the exciting splash of your wake can make waves others won't enjoy.

Avoid riding close to shoreline homes and waterfowl nesting areas or other wildlife areas, and keep a respectful distance from fishermen, other boats, swimmers, and populated beaches. When travel in areas like these is unavoidable, ride slowly and obey all laws.

Proper maintenance is necessary to ensure that the exhaust emission and sound levels of your watercraft will continue to be within regulated limits. You have the responsibility to make sure that the recommended maintenance in this owner's/operator's manual is carried out.

Remember, pollution can be harmful to the environment. Do not refuel or add oil where a spill could cause damage to nature. Remove your watercraft from the water and move it away from the shoreline before refueling. Dispose of water and any fuel and oil residue in the engine compartment according to local regulations. And keep your surroundings pleasant for the people and wildlife that share the waterways: don't litter.

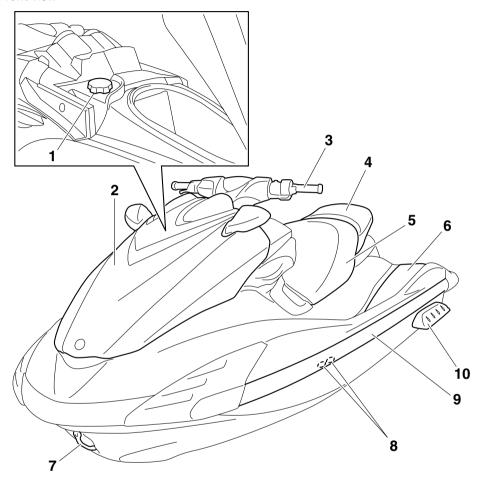
When you ride responsibly, with respect and courtesy for others, you help ensure that our

waterways stay open for the enjoyment of a variety of recreational opportunities.

EJU31010

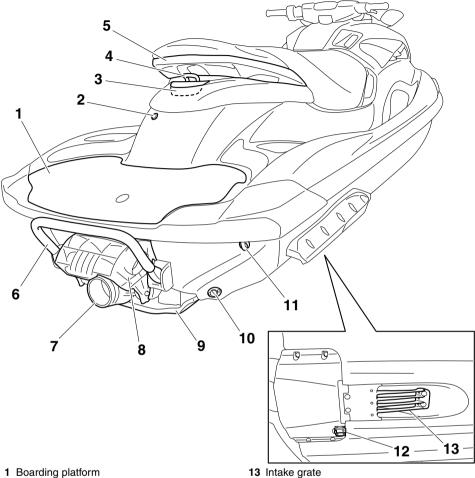
Location of main components

Front view



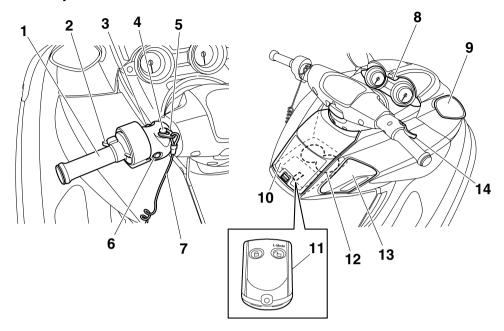
- 1 Fuel tank filler cap
- 2 Hood
- 3 Handlebars
- 4 Rear seat
- 5 Front seat
- 6 Footwell
- 7 Bow eye
- 8 Cooling water pilot outlet
- 9 Gunwale
- 10 Sponsons

Rear view



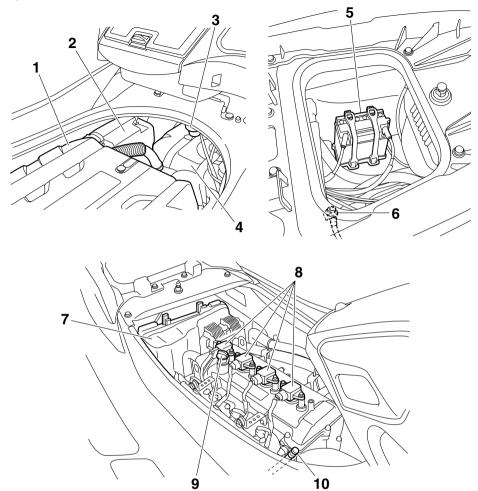
- 1 Boarding platform
- 2 Electric bilge pilot outlet
- 3 Reboarding grip
- 4 Cleat
- 5 Handgrip
- 6 Reboarding step
- 7 Jet thrust nozzle
- 8 Reverse gate
- 9 Ride plate
- 10 Stern drain plugs
- 11 Stern eyes
- 12 Speed sensor

Control system



- 1 Quick Shift Trim System (QSTS) selector
- 2 QSTS selector lock lever
- 3 Start switch
- 4 Engine shut-off switch
- 5 Clip
- 6 Engine stop switch
- 7 Engine shut-off cord (lanyard)
- 8 Dual analog meter unit
- 9 Rearview mirrors
- 10 Glove compartment
- 11 Remote control transmitter
- 12 Beverage holder
- 13 Shift lever
- 14 Throttle lever

Engine compartment



- 1 Engine cover
- 2 Air filter case
- 3 Water separator
- 4 Fuel tank
- 5 Battery
- 6 Flushing hose connector
- 7 Electrical box
- 8 Spark plug cap
- 9 Engine oil filler cap
- 10 Dipstick

EJU31022

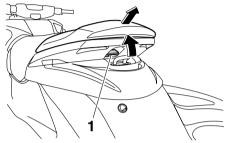
Operation of controls and other functions

EJU31041

Seats

To remove the rear seat:

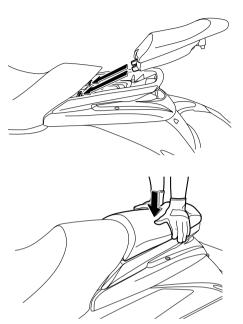
Pull the rear seat latch up, and then pull the seat off.



1 Seat latch

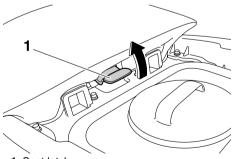
To install the rear seat:

Insert the projections on the front of the seat into the stays on the deck, and then push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place. Make sure that the seat is securely installed before operating the watercraft.



To remove the front seat:

- (1) Remove the rear seat.
- (2) Pull the front seat latch up, and then pull the seat off.

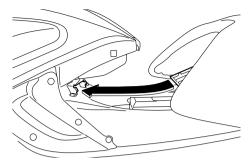


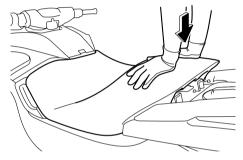
1 Seat latch

To install the front seat:

(1) Insert the projections on the front of the seat into the stays on the deck, and then

push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place.

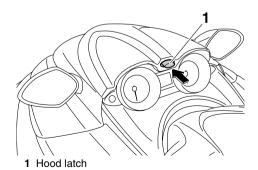




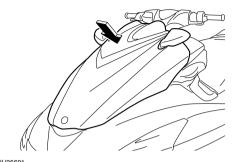
(2) Install the rear seat. Make sure that the seats are securely installed before operating the watercraft.

EJU31063 Hood

To open the hood, push the hood latch, and then lift up the hood.



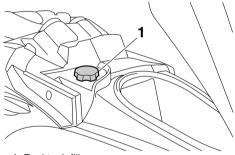
To close the hood, push down on the rear of the hood until it latches securely. Make sure that the hood is securely closed before operating the watercraft.



Fuel tank filler cap

The fuel tank filler cap is located under the hood.

To remove the fuel tank filler cap, open the hood, and then turn the cap counterclockwise. (See page 25 for hood opening and closing procedures.)



1 Fuel tank filler cap

To install the fuel tank filler cap, turn it clockwise until it stops. Make sure that the fuel tank filler cap and the hood are securely closed before operating the watercraft.

Remote control transmitter

The Yamaha Security System and low-RPM mode settings are selected using the remote control transmitter. (See "Yamaha Security

System" on page 32 for information on using the remote control transmitter.)



The Yamaha Security System and low-RPM mode settings can only be selected using the remote control transmitter.

Store the remote control transmitter carefully so it will not be lost. When operating the watercraft, store the transmitter in the transmitter holder provided in the glove compartment.



1 Transmitter holder

FC.100751

NOTICE

 The remote control transmitter is not completely waterproof. Do not submerge the transmitter or operate it underwater. If the transmitter is submerged, dry it with a soft, dry cloth, and then check that it is operating properly. If the transmitter is not operating properly, contact a Yamaha dealer.

- Keep the remote control transmitter away from high temperatures and do not place it in direct sunlight.
- Do not drop the remote control transmitter, subject it to strong shocks, or place any heavy items on it.
- Use a soft, dry cloth to clean the remote control transmitter. Do not use detergent, alcohol, or other chemicals.
- Do not attempt to disassemble the remote control transmitter yourself. Otherwise, the transmitter may not operate properly. If the transmitter needs a new battery, contact a Yamaha dealer.

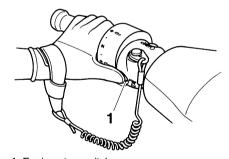
TIP:

- While the engine is running, input from the remote control transmitter is not received.
- If you accidentally lose your remote control transmitter, contact a Yamaha dealer.

EJU31150

Engine stop switch

Push the engine stop switch (red button) to stop the engine normally.



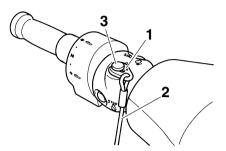
1 Engine stop switch

EJU31161

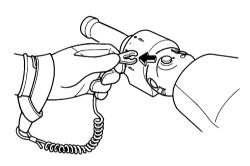
Engine shut-off switch

Attach one end of the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist, and then insert the clip on the other end under the engine shut-off switch (black button). The engine will stop automatically when the clip is removed from the

switch, such as if the operator falls off the watercraft. Remove the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) from the watercraft when the engine is not running to prevent unauthorized use by children or others.



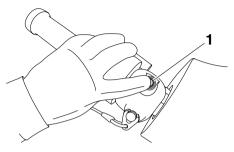
- 1 Clip
- 2 Engine shut-off cord (lanyard)
- 3 Engine shut-off switch



EJU36281

Start switch

Push the start switch (green button) to start the engine.



1 Start switch

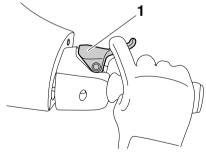
The engine will not start under any of the following conditions:

- Lock mode of the Yamaha Security System has been selected. (See page 33 for Yamaha Security System lock and unlock mode selection procedures.)
- Clip is removed from the engine shut-off switch.
- Throttle lever is squeezed.

JU31210

Throttle lever

Squeeze the throttle lever to increase engine speed.



1 Throttle lever

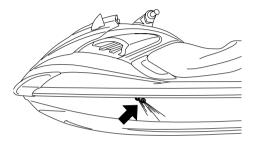
Release the throttle lever to decrease engine speed or to return it to the idle position.

EJU36740

Cooling water pilot outlets

This watercraft is equipped with cooling water pilot outlets on the port (left) and starboard (right) sides of the watercraft.

When the engine is running, cooling water is circulated in the engine, and then it is discharged from the pilot outlets.



To check for proper operation of the cooling system, check that water is being discharged from the port (left) pilot outlets. If water is not being discharged from these outlets, cooling water may not be circulating in the engine. When this occurs, stop the engine and check for the cause. (See pages 38 and 85 for more information.)

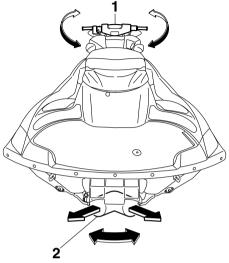
TIP:

- If the cooling water passages are dry, it will take about 60 seconds for the water to reach the outlets after the engine is started.
- Water discharge may not be constant at idle, therefore, open the throttle a little to check that water discharges properly.

EJU31260

Steering system

Your watercraft can be steered by turning the handlebars in the direction you wish to travel.



- 1 Handlebar
- 2 Jet thrust nozzle

When the handlebars are turned, the angle of the jet thrust nozzle is changed, and the direction of the watercraft is changed accordingly. Since the strength of the jet thrust determines the speed and degree of a turn, throttle must always be applied when attempting a turn, except at trolling speed.

This model is equipped with the Yamaha Engine Management System (YEMS) that includes an off-throttle steering (OTS) system. It will activate at planing speeds should you attempt to steer the watercraft after releasing the throttle lever. The OTS system assists in turning by continuing to supply some thrust while the watercraft is decelerating, but you can turn more sharply if you apply throttle while turning the handlebars.

The OTS system does not function below planing speeds or when the engine is off.

Once the engine slows down, the watercraft will no longer turn in response to handlebar input until you apply throttle again or you reach trolling speed.

EJU37340

Telescopic steering system

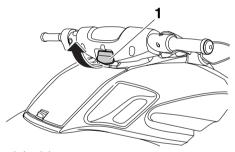
The position of the handlebars can be adjusted up or down using the lock lever.

The handlebars can be adjusted to three positions.

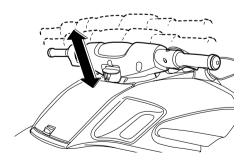
To adjust the handlebar position:

(1) Pull the lock lever up, and then move the handlebars up or down to the desired position. WARNING! Never pull the lock lever during operation, otherwise the handlebars may suddenly change position, which may lead to an accident.

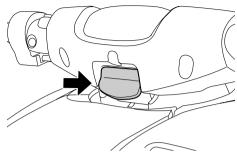
[EWJ01270]



1 Lock lever



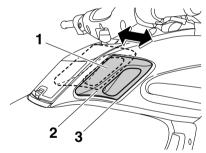
(2) Check that the lock lever returns to its original position and that the handlebars are locked in place.



EJU31301

Shift lever

The shift lever is located on the starboard (right) side of the watercraft and is used to control the reverse gate, which allows the watercraft to move in reverse or forward.



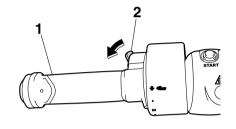
- 1 Shift lever
- 2 Reverse position
- 3 Forward position

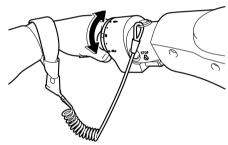
When the shift lever is in the reverse position, the watercraft can be launched from a trailer, or backed up out of tight spots where you cannot turn around easily.

EJU31312

Quick Shift Trim System (QSTS) selector

The QSTS selector is located at the left handlebar grip and is used to adjust the trim angle of the watercraft.

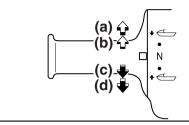


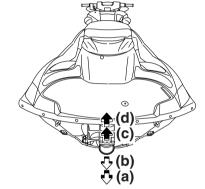


1 Quick Shift Trim System (QSTS) selector2 QSTS selector lock lever

Operating the QSTS selector changes the angle of the jet thrust nozzle vertically. This changes the trim angle of the watercraft.

There are 5 positions: 2 bow-down positions (a) and (b), neutral "N", and 2 bow-up positions (c) and (d).





To change the trim angle:

- (1) Reduce engine speed to less than 3000 r/min.
- (2) Squeeze the QSTS selector lock lever, and then turn the QSTS selector to the desired position. *NOTICE:* Do not turn the QSTS selector while operating the watercraft at an engine speed of 3000 r/min or more, otherwise damage could occur to the QSTS. [EGJ00012]
- (3) Release the lock lever to lock the QSTS selector.

The neutral "N" position will provide good performance for most operating conditions.

To enhance particular types of performance, select bow down or bow up.







EJU31330

Bow down

Turn the QSTS selector to (a) or (b) and the bow will go down while the watercraft is on plane.

Bow down puts more of the bow in the water. This gives the watercraft more "hook", which enhances turning performance. This position will also help the watercraft get up on plane more quickly.

At higher speeds, however, the watercraft will have a greater tendency to "bow steer" and follow waves and wakes in the water. Fuel economy and maximum speed are also reduced.

EJU31340

Bow up

Turn the QSTS selector to (c) or (d) and the bow will go up while the watercraft is on plane. Bow up puts less of the bow in the water. There is less water resistance, so straight-

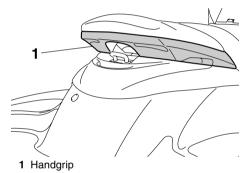
ahead acceleration when on plane and top speed are enhanced.

In some conditions, however, the watercraft may tend to "porpoise" (hop in the water). If the watercraft is porpoising, select neutral or bow down.

EJU37370

Handgrips

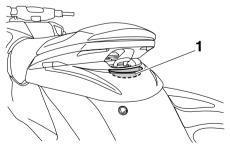
The handgrips provide handholds for a spotter when facing rearward. WARNING! Do not use the handgrip to lift the watercraft. The handgrip is not designed to support the watercraft's weight. If the handgrip breaks, the watercraft could fall, which could result in severe injury. [EWJOO021]



F.II.I37380

Reboarding grip

The reboarding grip provides a handhold for boarding the watercraft.



1 Reboarding grip

F II 134862

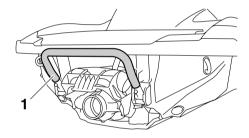
Reboarding step

The reboarding step provides a handhold and footstep for boarding the watercraft. WARNING! Do not use the reboarding step to lift the watercraft. The reboarding step is not designed to support the watercraft's weight. If the reboarding step breaks, the watercraft could fall, which could result in severe injury. [EWJ01211]

ECJ00742

NOTICE

Use the reboarding step only to board the watercraft in the water. Do not use the reboarding step for any other purpose. The watercraft can be damaged.



Reboarding step

EJU34870

Bow eye

The bow eye is located at the bow of the watercraft.

The bow eve is used to attach a rope to the watercraft when transporting, mooring, or towing it in an emergency.



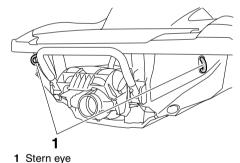
1 Bow eye

EJU34880

Stern eyes

The stern eyes are located at the stern of the watercraft.

The stern eyes are used to attach a rope to the watercraft when transporting or mooring it.



EJU37400

Yamaha Security System

The Yamaha Security System functions to help prevent unauthorized use or theft of the watercraft. The lock and unlock modes of the security system are selected using the remote control transmitter that is included with this watercraft. The engine cannot be started if the security system is in the lock mode. The engine can only be started in the unlock mode.

(See page 25 for information on using the remote control transmitter.)

TIP:

The lock and unlock modes of this system can only be selected while the engine is stopped.

EJU37410

Yamaha Security System settings

The Yamaha Security System settings will be confirmed by the number of beeps when the remote control transmitter is operated, and by the "UNLOCK" indicator light of the dual analog meter unit. (See page 35 for more information on the dual analog meter unit.)

Number of beeps	Yamaha Security System mode	"UN- LOCK" in- dicator light
	Lock	Goes off
	Unlock (normal operation mode)	Comes on
	Unlock (L-MODE)	Comes on

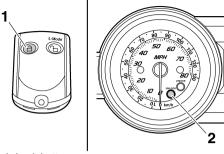
TIP:

- The beeper sounds two times for the normal operation mode or three times for the L-MODE (low-RPM mode). (See page 33 for L-MODE selection procedures.)
- If the remote control transmitter is operated while the dual analog meter unit is in the standby state, the unit will perform the initial operation, and then the setting is selected.

To select the lock mode:

Press the lock button on the remote control transmitter briefly. The beeper sounds once and the "UNLOCK" indicator light blinks once,

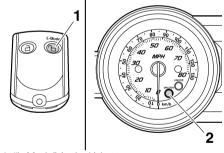
then goes off. This indicates the lock mode is selected.



- 1 Lock button
- 2 "UNLOCK" indicator light

To select the unlock mode:

Press the "L-Mode" (unlock) button on the remote control transmitter briefly. The beeper sounds two or three times and the "UNLOCK" indicator light blinks two or three times, then comes on. This indicates the unlock mode is selected.



- 1 "L-Mode" (unlock) button
- 2 "UNLOCK" indicator light

EJU37420

L-MODE (low-RPM mode)

The L-MODE limits the engine speed to approximately 70% of the maximum engine speed.

The L-MODE activation and deactivation can only be selected using the remote control

transmitter. (See page 25 for information on using the remote control transmitter.)



1 Remote control transmitter

TIP:

The L-MODE can only be selected when the engine is stopped in the unlock mode of the Yamaha Security System.

Activating and deactivating the L-MODE

Activation of the L-MODE will be confirmed by the number of beeps when the remote control transmitter is operated, and by the "L-MODE" indicator light of the dual analog meter unit. (See page 35 for more information on the dual analog meter unit.)

Number of beeps	L-MODE operation	"L- MODE" indicator light
	Activated	Comes on
	Deactivated	Goes off

TIP:

If the remote control transmitter is operated while the dual analog meter unit is in the standby state, the unit performs the initial operation, and then the setting is selected.

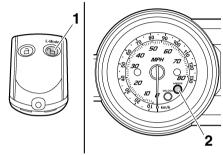
To activate the L-MODE:

Press the "L-Mode" (unlock) button on the remote control transmitter for more than 4 seconds. Once the beeper sounds three times and the "UNLOCK" indicator light blinks three

times, then comes on, the "L-MODE" indicator light comes on and the L-MODE is activated.

TIP:

If the L-MODE is selected immediately after the information display turns off, the "L-MODE" indicator light will not come on. The "L-MODE" indicator light will come on when the engine is started.



- 1 "L-Mode" (unlock) button
- 2 "L-MODE" indicator light

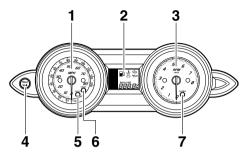
To deactivate the L-MODE:

Press the "L-Mode" (unlock) button on the remote control transmitter for more than 4 seconds. Once the beeper sounds two times and the "UNLOCK" indicator light blinks two times, then comes on, the "L-MODE" indicator light goes off and the L-MODE is deactivated. When the L-MODE is deactivated, the watercraft returns to the normal operation mode.

EJU37431

Dual analog meter unit

The dual analog meter unit displays various watercraft information.



- 1 Speedometer
- 2 Information display
- 3 Tachometer
- 4 "Hour Volt" button
- 5 "UNLOCK" indicator light
- 6 "L-MODE" indicator light
- 7 "WARNING" indicator light

Dual analog meter unit initial operation

When the dual analog meter unit starts operating, the speedometer and tachometer make one sweep, all segments of the information display and all indicator lights come on. After 2 seconds, the "WARNING" indicator light, the "L-MODE" indicator light, and the warning indicators in the information display go off, and then the unit starts to operate normally.

TIP:

The "UNLOCK" indicator light will go off when the engine is started.

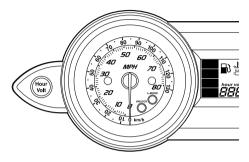
Dual analog meter unit standby state

If the dual analog meter unit does not receive any operation input within 25 seconds after the engine stops, the unit will turn off and enter a standby state. When the engine is started again, the display and the indicator lights will return to their state before the unit turned off, and then the unit starts to operate normally. EJU37440

Speedometer

The speedometer shows the watercraft speed against water.

The large inner numbers on the meter show the watercraft speed in miles per hour "MPH" and the small outer numbers show the speed in kilometers per hour "km/h".

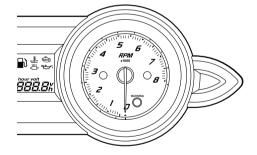


EJU37240

Tachometer

The tachometer shows the engine speed.

The large inner numbers on the meter show the engine speed \times 1000 RPM (r/min).



EJU37250

Information display

The information display shows watercraft operating conditions.



- 1 Fuel level meter
- 2 Fuel indicator
- 3 Engine overheat warning indicator
- 4 Check engine warning indicator
- 5 Oil pressure warning indicator
- 6 Hour meter/voltmeter

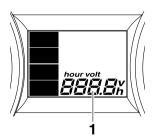
F.II.137261

Hour meter/voltmeter

The hour meter/voltmeter can be used as an hour meter or a voltmeter.

TIP:

The hour meter is selected at the Yamaha factory.

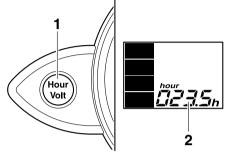


1 Hour meter/voltmeter

Hour meter

The hour meter shows the hours of engine operation that have elapsed since the watercraft was new. To switch to the hour meter from the voltmeter:

Push the "Hour Volt" button for at least 1 second. The display switches from the voltmeter to the hour meter.



- 1 "Hour Volt" button
- 2 Hour meter

Voltmeter

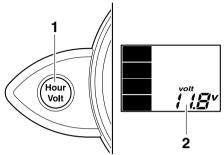
The voltmeter shows the battery voltage.

When the battery voltage is normal, the voltmeter displays approximately 12 volts.

If the battery voltage has dropped significantly, "LO" is displayed on the voltmeter. If the battery voltage has risen significantly, "HI" is displayed. If "HI" or "LO" is displayed, immediately return to shore and have a Yamaha dealer service the watercraft

To switch to the voltmeter from the hour meter:

Push the "Hour Volt" button for at least 1 second. The display switches from the hour meter to the voltmeter.



- 1 "Hour Volt" button
- 2 Voltmeter

EJU37270

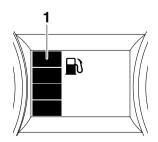
Fuel level meter

The fuel level meter is provided for convenient fuel level checking while riding.

The fuel level meter has four segments which show the amount of fuel remaining in the fuel tank. The display segments of the fuel level meter disappear one at a time as the fuel level decreases.

TIP:

The fuel level is most accurate when the watercraft is sitting level on a trailer or in the water.

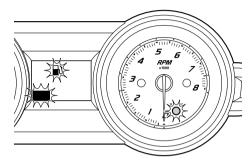


1 Fuel level meter

EJU37280

Fuel level warning

If the fuel remaining in the fuel tank drops to about 18 L (4.8 US gal, 4.0 Imp. gal), the lowest fuel level segment, the fuel indicator, and the "WARNING" indicator light blink, and the buzzer sounds intermittently.

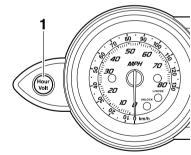


If this occurs, refill the fuel tank as soon as possible.

The warning signals will be cleared when the engine is restarted after the fuel tank is refilled.

TIP:

Push the "Hour Volt" button to stop the buzzer.



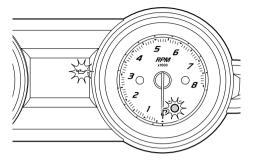
1 "Hour Volt" button

EJU37290

Oil pressure warning

If the oil pressure drops significantly, the "WARNING" indicator light and the oil pressure warning indicator blink, and the buzzer sounds intermittently. At the same time, the

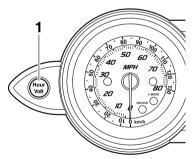
maximum engine speed is limited to help prevent damage.



If this occurs, immediately reduce the engine speed, return to shore, and then check the engine oil level. (See page 47 for engine oil level checking procedures.) If the oil level is sufficient, have a Yamaha dealer check the watercraft.

TIP:

Push the "Hour Volt" button to stop the buzzer.



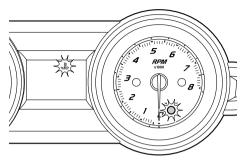
1 "Hour Volt" button

EJU37300

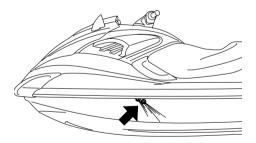
Engine overheat warning

If the engine temperature rises significantly, the "WARNING" indicator light and the engine overheat warning indicator blink, and the buzzer sounds intermittently. Then, the "WARNING" indicator light and the engine overheat warning indicator stop blinking and remain on, and the buzzer sounds continu-

ously. After the light and indicator start to blink and the buzzer sounds, the maximum engine speed is limited to help prevent damage.

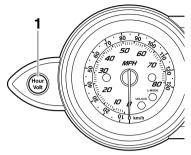


If this occurs, immediately reduce the engine speed, return to shore, and then check for water discharge at the port (left) cooling water pilot outlets while the engine is running. If there is no discharge of water, shut the engine off, and then check the jet intake for clogging. (See page 85 for jet intake cleaning procedures.) *NOTICE:* If you cannot locate and correct the cause of the overheating, consult a Yamaha dealer. Continuing to operate at higher speeds could result in severe engine damage. [ECJ00041]



TIP:

Push the "Hour Volt" button to stop the buzzer.

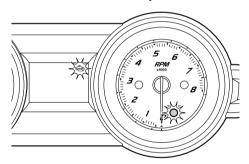


1 "Hour Volt" button

F.II.137310

Check engine warning

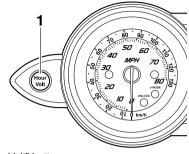
If a sensor malfunction or a short circuit is detected, the "WARNING" indicator light and the check engine warning indicator blink, and the buzzer sounds intermittently.



If this occurs, immediately reduce the engine speed, return to shore, and have a Yamaha dealer check the engine.

TIP:

Push the "Hour Volt" button to stop the buzzer.



1 "Hour Volt" button

EJU37320

Storage compartments

A front storage compartment, glove compartment, and watertight compartment are provided.

Only the securely closed watertight compartment is waterproof. If you carry objects that must be kept dry, such as the manuals, put them in a waterproof bag.

Make sure that the storage compartments are closed securely before operating the water-craft.

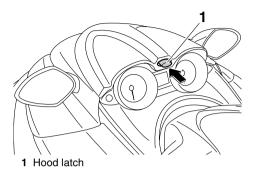
EJU37330

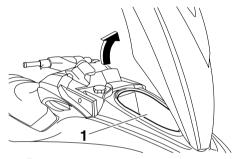
Front storage compartment

The front storage compartment is located at the bow.

To open the front storage compartment:

Push the hood latch, and then lift up the hood.





1 Front storage compartment

Front storage compartment:

Capacity:

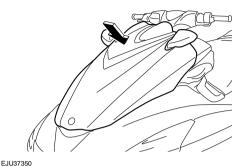
68.4 L (18.1 US gal, 15.0 Imp.gal)

Load limit:

5.0 kg (11 lb)

To close the front storage compartment:

Push down on the rear of the hood until it latches securely.

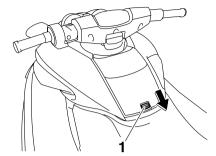


Glove compartment

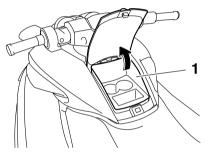
The glove compartment is located in front of the seat.

To open the glove compartment:

Slide the glove compartment latch toward you, and then lift up the lid.



1 Glove compartment latch



1 Glove compartment

Glove compartment: Capacity: 3.5 L (0.9 US gal, 0.8 Imp.gal)

Load limit: 1.0 kg (2 lb)

To close the glove compartment:

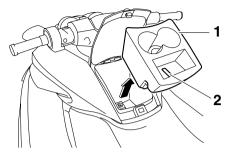
Push the lid down until it latches securely.

Beverage holder

A removable beverage holder, which includes a transmitter holder, is provided in the glove compartment.

Do not place beverages in the beverage holder when operating the watercraft.

Keep the remote control transmitter in the transmitter holder when operating the watercraft.



- 1 Beverage holder
- 2 Transmitter holder

EJU37230

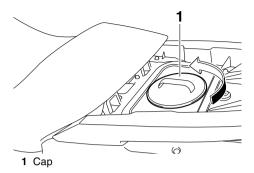
Watertight compartment

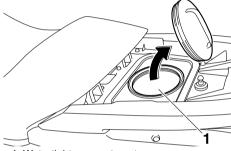
The watertight compartment is located under the rear seat.

To open the watertight compartment:

 Remove the rear seat. (See page 24 for rear seat removal and installation procedures.)

(2) Turn the cap counterclockwise.





1 Watertight compartment

Watertight compartment:

Capacity:

8.7 L (2.3 US gal, 1.9 Imp. gal)

Load limit:

3.0 kg (7 lb)

To close the watertight compartment:

- (1) Turn the cap clockwise until it stops.
- (2) Install the rear seat.

FJU31821

Fuel and oil

Fuel

WARNING

- Gasoline and gasoline vapors are extremely flammable. To avoid fires and explosions and to reduce the risk of injury when refueling, follow these instructions.
- Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death. Handle gasoline with care.
 Never siphon gasoline by mouth. If you should swallow some gasoline, inhale a lot of gasoline vapor, or get some gasoline in your eyes, see your doctor immediately. If gasoline spills on your skin, wash with soap and water. If gasoline spills on your clothing, change your clothes.

ECJ00321

NOTICE

- Do not use leaded gasoline. Leaded gasoline can seriously damage the engine.
- Avoid getting water and contaminants in the fuel tank. Contaminated fuel can cause poor performance and engine damage. Use only fresh gasoline that has been stored in clean containers.

Recommended fuel:

Regular unleaded gasoline with a minimum octane rating of

86

(Pump octane number) = (R + M)/2 90 (Research octane number)

Gasohol

There are two types of gasohol: gasohol containing ethanol and that containing methanol. Gasohol containing ethanol can be used if ethanol content does not exceed 10% and the

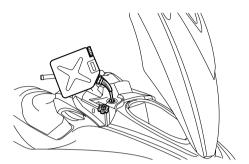
fuel meets the minimum octane ratings. E-85 is a fuel blend containing 85% ethanol and therefore must not be used in this watercraft. All ethanol blends containing more than 10% ethanol can cause fuel system damage or engine performance problems.

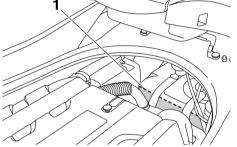
Yamaha does not recommend gasohol containing methanol because it can cause fuel system damage and engine performance problems.

To fill the fuel tank:

- (1) Before refueling, turn off the engine. Do not stand or sit on the watercraft. Never refuel while smoking, or while in the vicinity of sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition.
- (2) Place the watercraft in a well-ventilated area and in a horizontal position.
- (3) Remove the seats, and then check the fuel level. (See page 24 for seat removal and installation procedures.)
- (4) Open the hood. (See page 25 for hood opening and closing procedures.)
- (5) Remove the fuel tank filler cap, and then slowly add fuel to the fuel tank. Stop filling when the fuel level reaches approximately 50 mm (2 in) from the top of the fuel tank. Do not overfill the fuel tank. Because fuel expands when it heats up, heat from the engine or the sun can cause fuel to spill out of the fuel tank. Do not leave the watercraft with a full tank in direct sunlight.

Fuel tank capacity: 70 L (18.5 US gal, 15.4 Imp.gal)





- 1 Approximately 50 mm (2 in) from top of the fuel tank
- (6) Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately.
- (7) Install the fuel tank filler cap, and then close the hood. Make sure that the fuel tank filler cap and the hood are securely closed before operating the watercraft.
- (8) Install the seats. Make sure that the seats are securely installed before operating the watercraft.

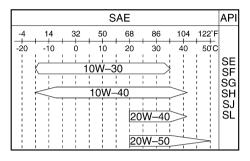
EJU31891

Engine oil

ECJ00281

NOTICE

Use only 4-stroke engine oil. Usage of 2stroke engine oil could result in severe engine damage. Make sure that the engine oil is at the specified level. Add oil as necessary. (See page 47 for engine oil level checking procedures.) Use a combination of the recommended SAE and API engine oil classifications shown in the chart below.



FJU31980

Pre-operation checks

EJU31991

Pre-operation check list

Before operating this watercraft, perform the checks in the following check list.





Failure to inspect or maintain the watercraft properly increases the possibility of an accident or damage to the watercraft. Do not operate the watercraft if you find any problem. If a problem cannot be corrected by the procedures provided in this manual, have the watercraft inspected by a Yamaha dealer.

ITEM	ROUTINE	PAGE		
BEFORE LAUNCH OR OPERATION				
Engine compartment	Remove the seats to ventilate the engine compartment. Check for fuel vapors and loose electrical connections.	47		
Bilge	Check for water and fuel and drain if necessary.	49		
Stern drain plugs	Check for proper installation.	49		
Throttle lever	Check that the throttle lever springs back smoothly.	50		
Steering system	Check for proper operation. Check that the handlebars are locked in place.	51		
Shift lever and reverse gate	Check for proper operation.	51		
QSTS	Check for proper operation.	52		
Fuel and oil	Check the fuel and oil levels and replenish if necessary. Check the hoses and tanks for leakage.	47, 47		
Water separator	Check for water and drain if necessary.	48		
Battery	Check the electrolyte level and battery condition.	49		
Hood	Check that the hood is securely closed.	25		
Front and rear seats	Check that the seats are securely installed.	24		
Hull and deck	Check the hull and deck for cracks and other damage.	47		
Jet intake	Check for debris and remove if necessary.	53		
Fire extinguisher	Check the condition and replace if necessary.	50		
Engine shut-off cord (lan- yard)	Check the condition and replace if frayed or broken.	53		
Switches	Check the start switch, engine stop switch, and engine shut-off switch for proper operation.	53		
AFTER LAUNCH				
Cooling water pilot outlet	Check that water is discharged while the engine is running and the watercraft is in the water.	54		
Dual analog meter unit	Check for warning indications and proper operation.	54		

TIP:

Pre-operation checks should be made each time the watercraft is used. These checks can be completed in a short time. It is worth the time spent to ensure safety and reliability.

EJU32280

Pre-operation check points

EJU32331

Engine compartment

EWJ00460

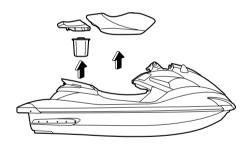
WARNING

Failure to ventilate the engine compartment could result in a fire or explosion. Do not start the engine if there is a fuel leak or a loose electrical connection.

Ventilate the engine compartment before each use.

To ventilate the engine compartment, remove the seats. (See page 24 for seat removal and installation procedures.) Leave the engine compartment open for a few minutes to allow any fuel vapors to escape.

While the engine compartment is open, check for loose electrical connections.



EJU32350

Hull and deck

Check the hull and deck for cracks and other damage. If any damage is found, have a Yamaha dealer repair the watercraft.

EJU36871

Fuel level

Make sure that there is sufficient fuel in the fuel tank before each use.

Also, check the fuel system for leakage, cracks, and malfunctions. (See page 74 for check points and correct procedures.)

(1) Open the hood and remove the fuel tank filler cap to release any pressure that

- might have built up in the fuel tank. (See page 25 for hood opening and closing procedures.)
- (2) Remove the seats. (See page 24 for seat removal and installation procedures.)
- (3) Check the fuel level in the fuel tank and replenish if necessary. (See page 43 for filling procedures.)
- (4) Install the fuel tank filler cap, and then close the hood and install the seats.

EJU36882

Engine oil level

Check the engine oil level before each use.

EWJ00340

WARNING

Engine oil is extremely hot immediately after the engine is turned off. Coming in contact with or getting any engine oil on your clothes could result in burns.

ECJ01001

NOTICE

Make sure that debris and water do not enter the oil filler hole. Debris and water in the engine oil can cause serious engine damage.

To check the engine oil level:

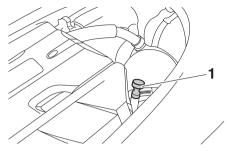
 Place the watercraft in a precisely level position on land with the engine stopped.

TIP:

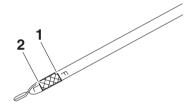
If the engine was running, allow the engine oil to settle by waiting 5 minutes or more before checking the oil level.

- (2) Remove the seats. (See page 24 for seat removal and installation procedures.)
- (3) Remove the dipstick, wipe it clean, and then insert it back into the dipstick tube completely. Remove the dipstick again and check that the engine oil level is be-

tween the minimum and maximum level marks.

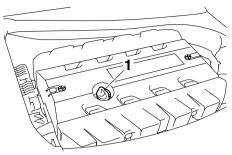


1 Dipstick



- 1 Maximum level mark
- 2 Minimum level mark
- (4) If the engine oil level is below the minimum level mark, perform steps 5–7 to add enough oil so that the oil level is between the minimum and maximum level marks on the dipstick. If the engine oil level is significantly above the maximum level mark, have a Yamaha dealer service the watercraft.

(5) Remove the engine oil filler cap.



- 1 Engine oil filler cap
- (6) Pour engine oil into the filler hole. Wait approximately 5 minutes until the engine oil settles.

TIP:

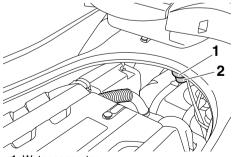
The difference between the minimum and maximum level marks on the dipstick is equal to approximately 1 liter of engine oil.

- (7) Repeat steps 3–6 until the engine oil is at the proper level.
- (8) Install the engine oil filler cap, and then install the seats.

EJU32420

Water separator

Check the water separator for water. The water separator retains any water that may have entered through the fuel tank breather hose if the watercraft was capsized. Normally, the water separator is empty.



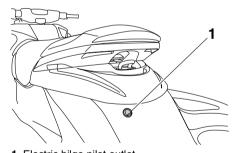
- 1 Water separator
- 2 Drain screw

If water remains in the water separator, drain it by removing the drain screw. Place a drain pan under the water separator to catch the draining water or use a dry cloth to soak up any water that could spill into the watercraft. If any water spills into the watercraft, be sure to wipe it up with a dry cloth. Also, be sure to install the drain screw after draining the water separator.

EJU32452

Bilge

Check the bilge for moisture and fuel residue. *NOTICE:* Excessive water in the engine compartment can splash into the engine, which can result in severe damage. [ECJOOS41] This watercraft is equipped with a conventional jet vacuum bilge draining system and an electric bilge draining system. The electric bilge draining system is operated when the engine is running. When excess water reaches the water inlet of the electric bilge pump, the water is discharged from the electric bilge pilot outlet at the stern.



1 Electric bilge pilot outlet

A small quantity of water will remain in the bilge and should be drained manually. To drain any residual water, beach the watercraft and perform the following procedure.

To drain water from the bilge:

- (1) Remove the stern drain plugs.
- (2) Raise the bow of the watercraft until the water drains.

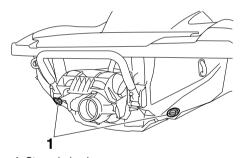
- (3) After the water has drained, wipe the bilge with dry rags to make sure that it is thoroughly dry.
- (4) Install the stern drain plugs. NOTICE: Before installing the stern drain plugs, clean the drain plug threads to remove any foreign materials, such as dirt or sand. Otherwise, the stern drain plugs could be damaged, allowing water to enter the engine compartment. Make sure that the stern drain plugs are tightened securely before launching the watercraft. Otherwise, water may flood the engine compartment and cause the watercraft to submerge.

[ECJ00361]

EJU32472

Stern drain plugs

Check the stern drain plugs for proper installation.



1 Stern drain plugs

EJU32482

Battery

Check the battery electrolyte level and check that the battery has sufficient power to start the engine easily. WARNING! Never operate the watercraft if the battery does not have sufficient power to start the engine or if it shows any other signs of decreased power. Loss of battery power may leave you stranded. [EWJ01240]

Recharge the battery or replace it if it is not in good condition. (See page 78 for battery recharging procedures.)

Also, check that the battery leads are tightened securely and that there is no corrosion on the battery terminals. Check that the breather hose is securely connected to the battery and that it is not pinched. WARNING! Fire or explosion could result if the breather hose is damaged, obstructed, or not connected properly. [EWJ00451]



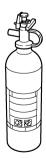
- 1 Negative (-) battery terminal: Black lead
- 2 Positive (+) battery terminal: Red lead
- 3 Breather hose

Make sure that the battery is securely held in place.

EJU32541

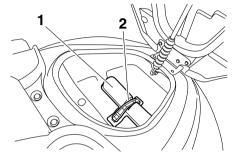
Fire extinguisher

Check that there is a full fire extinguisher on board.



The fire extinguisher holder and cover are located in the front storage compartment.

To store the fire extinguisher, unhook the band and remove the cover. Place the fire extinguisher in the holder, and then place the cover over the fire extinguisher. Fasten the cover and the fire extinguisher with the band securely.



- 1 Fire extinguisher holder and cover
- 2 Band

To check the fire extinguisher, see the instructions supplied by the fire extinguisher manufacturer. Always keep the fire extinguisher secured in the holder with its cover in place.

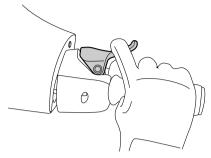
Always carry a fire extinguisher on board. A fire extinguisher is not standard equipment with this watercraft. If you do not have one, contact a Yamaha dealer or a fire extinguisher dealer to obtain one meeting the proper specifications.

EJU32591

Throttle lever

Check the throttle lever for proper operation. Squeeze and release the throttle lever several times to make sure that there is no hesitation in its travel. It should be smooth over the com-

plete range and spring back to the idle position when released.

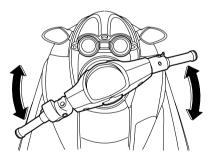


EJU37390

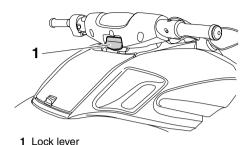
Steering system

Check the handlebars for looseness.

Turn the handlebars as far as possible to the right and left to make sure that operation is smooth and unrestricted throughout the whole range. Also, make sure that the jet thrust nozzle moves as the handlebars are turned, and that there is no free play between the handlebars and the jet thrust nozzle.



Pull the handlebars up and down to check that the lock lever and handlebars are locked in place. (See "Telescopic steering system" on page 29 for more information.)



E 11 100 E 0 4

Shift lever and reverse gate

EWJ00031

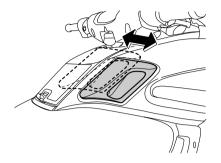
WARNING

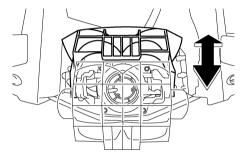
Do not touch the reverse gate while the shift lever is being operated, otherwise you could be pinched.

Check the shift lever and reverse gate for proper operation.

Make sure that the reverse gate goes down completely when the shift lever is pulled up.

Also, make sure that the reverse gate goes up completely when the shift lever is pushed down.



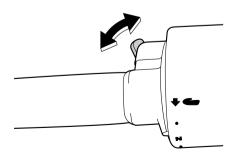


EJU32641

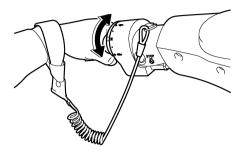
Quick Shift Trim System (QSTS)

Operate the QSTS selector lock lever and the QSTS selector several times to check that they operate properly.

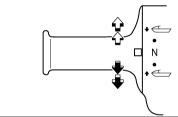
 Squeeze the QSTS selector lock lever and check that it returns smoothly to its original position when released.

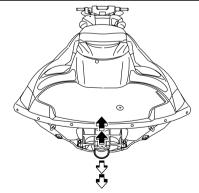


(2) Check that the QSTS selector turns smoothly when the lever is squeezed and check that the selector locks in place at each position when the lever is released.



(3) Check that the angle of the jet thrust nozzle changes when the QSTS selector is shifted from neutral to bow up or bow down.





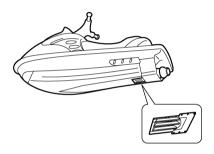
If the mechanism does not work properly, have a Yamaha dealer service it.

F.II.I32651

Jet intake

Carefully check the jet intake for weeds, debris, or anything else that might restrict the intake of water. If the jet intake is clogged, clean it. (See page 85 for jet intake cleaning procedures.)

If the watercraft is operated while the jet intake is clogged, cavitation could occur, reducing jet thrust, and possibly damaging the jet pump. In some cases, the engine may overheat because of lack of cooling water, and damage to the engine could result. Cooling water is fed to the engine by the jet pump.

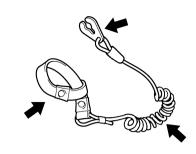


Engine shut-off cord (lanyard)

Check that the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) is not frayed or broken. If the cord is damaged, replace it. WARNING! Never try to repair the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) or tie it together. The engine shut-off cord (lanyard) may not pull free when the operator falls off, allowing the watercraft to

continue to run and cause an accident.

[EWJ01220]



EJU32671 Switches

ECJ00410

NOTICE

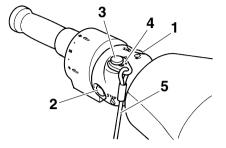
Do not run the engine for more than 15 seconds when checking the switches on land without supplying water, otherwise the engine could overheat.

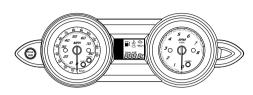
Check the start switch, the engine stop switch, and the engine shut-off switch for proper operation.

Push the start switch to start the engine. As soon as the engine starts running, push the engine stop switch to verify that the engine stops immediately. Restart the engine, and then pull the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to remove the clip from the engine shut-off switch to verify that the engine stops immediately. (See pages 26 to 27 for information on proper operation of the start switch, the en-

gine stop switch, and the engine shut-off switch.)

(See page 35 for information on proper operation of the dual analog meter unit.)



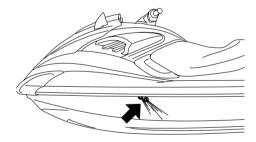


- 1 Start switch
- 2 Engine stop switch
- 3 Engine shut-off switch
- 4 Clip
- 5 Engine shut-off cord (lanyard)

EJU36890

Cooling water pilot outlets

Check that water comes out from the port (left) cooling water pilot outlets while the engine is running and the watercraft is in the water. (See page 28 for more information.)



EJU37450

Dual analog meter unit

Check the dual analog meter unit for proper operation while the watercraft is in the water.

F.JU32742

Operation

EWJ00510

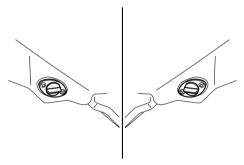


Before operating your watercraft, become familiar with all of the controls. Consult a Yamaha dealer about any control or function that you do not fully understand. Failure to understand how the controls work could cause an accident or prevent you from avoiding an accident.

ECJ00460

NOTICE

Make sure that the stern drain plugs are tightened securely before launching the watercraft.



EJU36661

Engine break-in

ECJ00430

NOTICE

Failure to follow the engine break-in procedure could result in reduced engine life or even severe engine damage.

The engine break-in period is essential to allow the various components of the engine to wear and polish themselves to the correct operating clearances. This ensures proper performance and promotes longer component life.

TIP:

Be sure to check the engine oil level before operating the watercraft for the first time. (See page 47 for engine oil checking procedures.)

- Launch the watercraft and start the engine. (See page 55 for engine starting procedures.)
- (2) For the first 5 minutes, run the engine at trolling speed only. For the 30 minutes of operation after that, keep the engine speed below 5000 r/min. For the 1 hour of operation after that, keep the engine speed below 6000 r/min.
- (3) Proceed with normal operation.

EJU3280

Launching the watercraft

When launching the watercraft, make sure that there are no obstacles behind you.

Use the remote control transmitter to select the unlock mode. (See page 33 for Yamaha Security System lock and unlock mode selection procedures.)

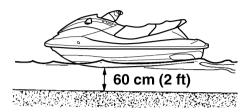
After the watercraft is in the water, start the engine. Shift into reverse and move the watercraft back slowly. If there are waves, someone should make sure that the watercraft is not pushed into the trailer before backing away.

EJU36341

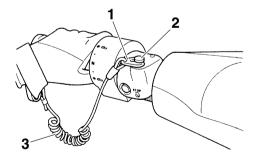
Starting the engine

- If the lock mode of the Yamaha Security System is selected, use the remote control transmitter to select the unlock mode. (See page 33 for Yamaha Security System lock and unlock mode selection procedures.)
- (2) Launch the watercraft in water free from weeds and debris and at least 60 cm (2 ft) deep from the bottom of the watercraft. NOTICE: Never operate in water that is less than 60 cm (2 ft) deep from the bottom of the watercraft, otherwise

pebbles or sand could be sucked into the jet intake, causing impeller damage and engine overheating. [ECJ00471]

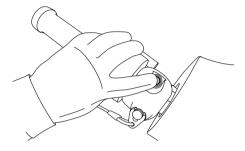


(3) Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist, and then attach the clip to the engine shut-off switch. It is not possible to start the engine with the clip removed from the engine shut-off switch. WARNING! Check that the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) is attached correctly. If the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) is not attached correctly, it may not pull free when the operator falls off, allowing the watercraft to continue to run and cause an accident. [EWJ005881]



- 1 Clip
- 2 Engine shut-off switch
- 3 Engine shut-off cord (lanyard)
- (4) Push the start switch (green button), and then release it as soon as the engine starts to run. If the engine does not start

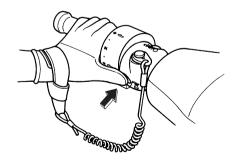
in 5 seconds, release the start switch, wait 15 seconds, and then try again. The engine will not start if the throttle lever is squeezed. *NOTICE:* Never push the start switch while the engine is running. Do not operate the start switch for more than 5 seconds, otherwise the battery will be discharged and the engine will not start. Also, the starter motor could be damaged. [ECJ01040]



EJU32861

Stopping the engine

To stop the engine, release the throttle lever, and then push the engine stop switch (red button). WARNING! You need throttle to steer. Shutting the engine off can cause you to hit an obstacle you are attempting to avoid. A collision could result in severe injury or death. [EWJOOSO1]



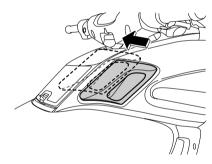
Shifting EWJ01230

WARNING

- Do not use the reverse function to slow down or stop the watercraft as it could cause you to lose control, be ejected, or impact the handlebars.
- Make sure that there are no obstacles or people behind you before shifting into reverse.
- Do not touch the reverse gate while the shift lever is being operated, otherwise you could be pinched.

To shift into reverse:

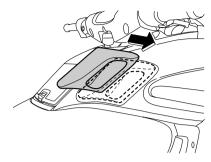
- Release the throttle lever and let the engine speed return to idle.
- (2) Pull the shift lever toward you.



To shift into forward:

(1) Release the throttle lever and let the engine speed return to idle.

(2) Push the shift lever away from you.



EJU32882

Leaving the watercraft

If leaving the watercraft, select the lock mode of the Yamaha Security System and remove the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to reduce the chance of accidental starting or unauthorized use by children or others. (See page 33 for Yamaha Security System lock and unlock mode selection procedures.)

EJU32901

Operating your watercraft

EJU32961

Getting to know your watercraft

Operating your watercraft requires skills acquired through practice over a period of time. Take the time to learn the basic techniques well before attempting more difficult maneuvers.

Operating your new watercraft can be a very enjoyable activity, providing you with hours of pleasure. However, it is essential to familiarize yourself with the operation of the watercraft to achieve the skill level necessary to enjoy riding safely.

Before operating this watercraft, read this owner's/operator's manual, the Riding Practice Guide, the Riding Instruction card, and all labels on the watercraft. Pay particular attention to the safety information on page 10. These materials should give you an understanding of the watercraft and its operation.

Remember: This watercraft is designed to carry the operator and up to 2 passengers. Never exceed the maximum load limit or allow more than 3 persons (or 2 persons if a waterskier is being pulled) to ride the watercraft at any time.

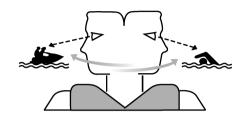
Maximum load: 240 kg (530 lb) Load is the total weight of cargo, operator, and passengers.

F.II.I33001

Learning to operate your watercraft

Before operating the watercraft, always perform the pre-operation checks listed on page 45. The short time spent checking the watercraft will reward you with added safety and reliability.

Check local laws before operating your watercraft. Operate defensively at safe speeds and keep a safe distance away from people, objects, and other watercraft. Select a wide area to learn in, where there is good visibility and light boat traffic.



Use the buddy system—operate with someone nearby. Scan constantly for people, objects, and other watercraft. Be alert for conditions that limit your visibility or block your vision of others.

Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist and keep it free from the handle-bars so that the engine stops if you, the operator, fall off.

Wear a personal flotation device (PFD). All riders must wear a PFD that is approved by the appropriate authorities and is suitable for personal watercraft use.

Wear protective clothing. Severe internal injuries can occur if water is forced into body cavities as a result of falling into the water or being near the jet thrust nozzle. Normal swimwear does not adequately protect against forceful water entry into the rectum and vagina. All riders must wear a wetsuit bottom or clothing that provides equivalent protection. Such clothing includes thick, tightly woven,

sturdy and snug-fitting apparel such as denim, but does not include spandex or similar fabrics, like those used in bicycle shorts. A full wetsuit can also protect against hypothermia

(subnormal body temperature) and abrasions.

Footwear and gloves are recommended.

Eye protection is recommended to keep wind, water, and glare from the sun out of your eyes while you operate your watercraft. Restraining straps for eyewear are made which are designed to float should your eyewear fall in the water.

You should grip the handlebars firmly and keep both feet on the floor of the footwell. Do not attempt to ride with passengers until your operating skills are fully developed.

EJU33061

Riding with passengers

EWJ00541

WARNING

- Do not apply throttle when anyone is at the rear of the watercraft. Turn the engine off or keep it at idle. Water and debris exiting the jet thrust nozzle can cause severe injury. Passengers should not attempt to board the watercraft if the operator is applying throttle.
- When passengers are on board, make sure that they are holding on firmly and have their feet on the floor of the footwell before you start to accelerate.

When 2 or 3 persons (including the operator) are on board, the watercraft handles differently, and is not as easy to maneuver, therefore operating it requires a higher degree of skill. Before attempting to operate the watercraft with passengers on board, the operator must practice operating the watercraft alone enough to be able to acquire the necessary skills.

The passengers must always wear a PFD that is approved by the appropriate authorities and a wetsuit bottom or equivalent.

Do not give a ride to children whose feet cannot reach the floor of the footwell. The passengers should hold on firmly, either to the person in front of them or to the handgrip provided, and keep their feet on the floor of the footwell. Never allow a passenger to ride in front of the operator.

When pulling a water-skier, the spotter should face to the rear while holding the handgrip with both hands. The spotter should always sit astride the seat with both feet placed firmly on the floor of the footwell for proper balance. Follow all local laws regarding water-skiing, such as those for skier-down flags, rearward-facing spotter, and other requirements.

EJU33081

Starting the watercraft

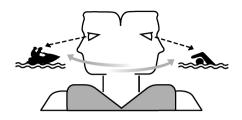
EWJ00711

WARNING

To avoid collisions:

- Scan constantly for people, objects, and other watercraft. Be alert for conditions that limit your visibility or block your vision of others.
- Operate defensively at safe speeds and keep a safe distance away from people, objects, and other watercraft.
- Do not follow directly behind watercraft or other boats. Do not go near others to spray or splash them with water. Avoid sharp turns or other maneuvers that make it hard for others to avoid you or understand where you are going. Avoid areas with submerged objects or shallow water.
- Take early action to avoid collisions. Remember, watercraft and other boats do not have brakes. Do not release the

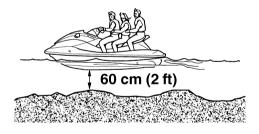
throttle lever when trying to steer away from objects—you need throttle to steer.



EJU33092

Boarding and starting in shallow water

(1) Launch the watercraft in water free from weeds and debris and at least 60 cm (2 ft) deep from the bottom of the watercraft. NOTICE: Never operate in water that is less than 60 cm (2 ft) deep from the bottom of the watercraft, otherwise pebbles or sand could be sucked into the jet intake, causing impeller damage and engine overheating. [ECJ00471]



- (2) Board the watercraft from the side or the rear.
- (3) Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist, and then attach the clip to the engine shut-off switch.
- (4) Grip the handlebars with both hands, place both feet on the floor of the footwell,

start the engine, and then look in all directions before starting off.

F.IU33111

Boarding and starting from a dock

- (1) Board the watercraft from the side.
- (2) Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist, and then attach the clip to the engine shut-off switch.
- (3) Push the watercraft away from the dock, grip the handlebars with both hands, place both feet on the floor of the footwell, start the engine, and then look in all directions before starting off.





EJU36081

Boarding and starting in deep water

WARNING

Be sure the operator and any passengers have practiced boarding from the water while still close to shore before riding. A person who has made many unsuccessful attempts to get back on the watercraft may become fatigued and suffer from exposure, increasing the risk of injury and drowning.

Boarding in deep water requires more skill. The operator and passengers should practice boarding in shallow water before riding in deep water.

FJU37460

Boarding alone

- (1) Swim to the rear of the watercraft and place both hands on the boarding platform, pull yourself up, and then grasp the reboarding grip with one hand.
- (3) Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist, and then attach the clip to the engine shut-off switch.
- (4) Grip the handlebars with both hands, place both feet on the floor of the footwell, start the engine, and then look in all directions before starting off.







(2) Pull yourself up to a kneeling position on

and sit astride.

the platform, and then move to the seat

TIP:

This watercraft is equipped with a reboarding step, which you can lower to make reboarding easier. The step returns automatically to the up position after you have boarded.

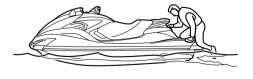
EJU33164

Boarding with passengers

EWJ00660



Severe internal injuries can occur if water is forced into body cavities as a result of being near the jet thrust nozzle. Do not apply throttle until the passengers are seated with their feet on the floor of the footwell and are securely holding on to the person in front of them or to the handgrip provided.



TIP:

The heavier the total weight of the operator and passengers, the more difficult it will be to balance the watercraft. Do not operate the watercraft when the total weight exceeds 240 kg (530 lb) including any cargo.

(1) Climb on board as noted in the previous section, and sit astride the seat.

both the passengers and the operator should try to balance the watercraft.





- (2) Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist, and then attach the clip to the engine shut-off switch.
- (3) Have the passengers move to the rear of the watercraft.
- (5) Check that the passengers have their feet on the floor of the footwell and are securely holding on to the person in front of them or to the handgrip provided. Never allow a passenger to ride in front of the operator.



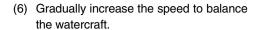


- (4) Have a passenger board and sit astride the seat. If a second passenger is boarding, have him or her follow the same procedure. When a passenger is boarding,
- (6) Start the engine, look in all directions, and then accelerate to planing speed.

To board when it is difficult to balance the watercraft at a standstill:

(1) While the passengers are steadying the watercraft, pull yourself up onto the boarding platform into a kneeling posi-

tion, and then move to the seat and sit astride to balance the watercraft.







- (2) Have a passenger pull him or herself up onto the boarding platform into a kneeling position, then move to the seat and sit astride to balance the watercraft.
- (3) Attach the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your left wrist, and then attach the clip to the engine shut-off switch.
- (4) Start the engine and keep it at idle.
- (5) Have the second passenger pull him or herself up onto the boarding platform into a kneeling position, then crawl onto the seat as the watercraft accelerates.



EJU33231

Capsized watercraft

EWJ00671

WARNING

Improper uprighting can cause injury.

- Be sure to shut the engine off by pulling on the engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to remove the clip from the engine shut-off switch.
- Do not put your hands in the intake grate.

If the watercraft capsizes, turn it over immediately.

Be sure to carefully follow the procedures below to prevent injury, or damage to the watercraft.

- (1) Remove the clip from the engine shut-off switch.
- (2) Swim to the rear of the watercraft. Pull the watercraft over with your left hand on the ride plate while pushing down on the gunwale with your right hand or foot.

If the port (left) side of the capsized watercraft is tilting up, push down on the gunwale so that the port (left) side is down before turning the watercraft clockwise. *NOTICE:* Do not turn the watercraft over counterclockwise, otherwise water can enter the engine,

which can result in severe damage.

[ECJ00541]





(3) Start the engine and operate the water-craft as straight as possible and above planing speed for at least 2 minutes to discharge any water remaining in the engine compartment. (If the engine does not start, see "Towing the watercraft" on page 88 or "Submerged watercraft" on page 88.) NOTICE: Do not operate the engine at full throttle for at least 1 minute after the engine has been restarted. Excessive water in the engine compartment can splash into the engine, which can result in severe damage. [ECJ00551]

EJU33251

Turning the watercraft

EWJ00770

⚠ WARNING

 Do not release the throttle lever when trying to steer away from objects—you

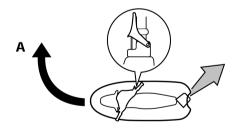
- need throttle to steer. A collision could result in severe injury or death.
- When operating at higher speeds, make gradual turns or slow down before turning. Sharp high-speed turns may cause the watercraft to slide sideways or spin, throwing the operator and passengers overboard, which could cause an injury.

Steering control depends on the combination of handlebar position and the amount of throttle.

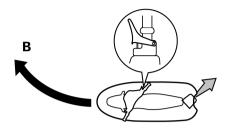
Water sucked in through the intake grate is pressurized by the impeller in the jet pump. As the pressurized water is expelled from the pump through the jet thrust nozzle, it creates thrust to move and steer the watercraft. The higher the engine speed, the more thrust produced.

The amount of jet thrust, in addition to the position of the handlebars, determines how sharply you turn.

A. More throttle produces higher thrust, so the watercraft will turn more sharply.

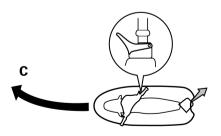


B. Less throttle produces lower thrust, so the watercraft will turn more gradually.

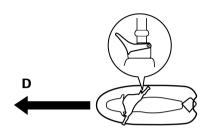


C. Releasing the throttle lever completely produces only minimum thrust. If you are traveling at speeds above trolling, you will have rapidly decreasing ability to steer without throttle. You may still have some turning ability immediately after releasing the throttle lever, but once the engine slows down, the watercraft will no longer respond to handlebar input until you apply throttle again or you reach trolling speed.

At trolling speed, the watercraft can be turned gradually by handlebar position alone using just the amount of thrust available at idle.



D. If the engine is stopped while riding, there is no thrust. The watercraft will go straight even though the handlebars are turned.



You need throttle to steer.

This model is equipped with the Yamaha Engine Management System (YEMS) that includes an off-throttle steering (OTS) system. It will activate at planing speeds should you attempt to steer the watercraft after releasing the throttle lever (see condition C above).

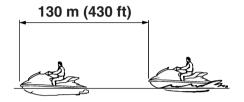
The OTS system assists in turning by continuing to supply some thrust while the watercraft is decelerating, but you can turn more sharply if you apply throttle while turning the handlebars. The OTS system does not function below planing speeds or when the engine is off. Once the engine slows down, the watercraft will no longer turn in response to handlebar input until you apply throttle again or you reach trolling speed.

EJU37510

Stopping the watercraft

The watercraft is not equipped with a separate braking system. It is stopped by water resistance when the throttle lever is released. From full speed, the watercraft comes to a complete stop in approximately 130 m (430 ft) after the throttle lever is released or the engine is stopped, although this distance will vary depending on many factors, including gross weight, water surface conditions, and wind direction. The watercraft slows down as

soon as the throttle lever is released, but will coast for a distance before fully stopping. If you are not sure you can stop in time before hitting an obstacle, apply throttle and turn in another direction.



EWJ00740

WARNING

- Allow adequate stopping distance.
- Take early action to avoid collisions. Remember, watercraft and other boats do not have brakes.
- Operate defensively at safe speeds and keep a safe distance away from people, objects, and other watercraft to give you time to stop.
- Do not shut the engine off when slowing down in case you need engine power to steer away from a boat or other obstacle that comes into your path.
- Do not use the reverse function to slow down or stop the watercraft as it could cause you to lose control, be ejected, or impact the handlebars.

EJU37520

Beaching the watercraft

(1) Make sure that there are no boats, swimmers, or obstacles near the beach. Release the throttle lever about 130 m (430 ft) before you reach the intended beaching area.

- (2) Approach the beach slowly and stop the engine before reaching land.
 - Remember, you need throttle to steer.
- (3) Get off the watercraft and pull it up on the beach. *NOTICE:* Small pebbles, sand, seaweed, and other debris can be sucked into the jet intake and impair or damage the impeller. Always stop the engine and get off the watercraft before beaching it. [ECJO0491]

F.II.I37530

Docking the watercraft

- (1) Make sure that there are no boats, swimmers, or obstacles near the watercraft. Reduce speed about 130 m (430 ft) away from the dock.
- (2) Slowly approach the dock and stop the engine just before coming alongside it.

EJU36671

Reverse on waterways

Reverse can be used for slow-speed maneuvering when it is necessary to back up out of tight spots where you cannot turn around.

Once the engine is idling, shift into reverse and gradually increase engine speed. Make sure that there are no obstacles or people behind you before shifting into reverse.



TIP:

This model is equipped with a function which limits the engine speed in reverse.

Operation

EJU37190

Operating in weeded areas

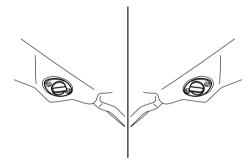
Always avoid operating your watercraft in areas where weed growth is thick. If traveling in weeded areas is unavoidable, operate the engine alternately at partial throttle and full throttle. Weeds tend to accumulate more at a steady speed and at trolling speed. If weeds clog the intake area and cause cavitation, clean the jet intake and impeller. (See page 85 for cleaning procedures.)

FJU37091

Post-operation care

To keep your watercraft in top shape, always take it out of the water after using it and perform the following procedures. Leaving the watercraft in the water for extended periods will accelerate the rate of normal deterioration of the jet unit components and hull finish. Marine organisms and corrosion are some of the conditions that can adversely affect the life of many watercraft components.

- (1) Remove the watercraft from the water.
- (2) Wash down the hull, handlebars, and jet unit with fresh water.
- (3) Remove the seats and check the engine compartment for water. To drain excess water, remove the stern drain plugs, and then raise the bow of the watercraft enough to allow the water in the bilge to drain out.



TIP:

This watercraft is equipped with a jet vacuum bilge draining system and an electric bilge draining system that remove water from the engine compartment while you are underway. However, some residual water will remain, therefore remove the stern drain plugs to drain the water. (See page 49 for bilge draining procedures.)

(4) Place the watercraft in a horizontal position.

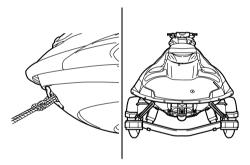
- (5) Flush the cooling system to prevent it from clogging with salt, sand, or dirt. (See page 69 for flushing procedures.)
- (6) Rinse the engine and engine compartment with a small amount of water.

 NOTICE: Do not use high-pressure water when rinsing the engine or engine compartment as severe engine damage could result. [ECJ00571]
- (7) Wipe the engine and engine compartment dry with a clean cloth (repeat step 3, if necessary).
- (8) Wipe the hull, handlebars, and jet unit dry with a clean cloth.
- (9) Spray a rust inhibitor on metallic parts to minimize corrosion.
- (10) Allow the engine compartment to air dry completely before installing the seats.

FJU33462

Transporting

Before putting the watercraft on a trailer or transporting it, be sure to put the shift lever in the forward position. When transporting the watercraft on a trailer, secure the tie downs to the trailer through the bow eye and stern eves. NOTICE: Do not attach ropes or tie downs to any part of the watercraft other than the bow eye and stern eyes to secure the watercraft to the trailer. Otherwise, the watercraft may be damaged. Wrap the ropes or tie downs with towels or rags where they touch the body of the watercraft to avoid scratches or damage. Do not transport the watercraft with the shift lever in the reverse position. Otherwise, the reverse gate may hit an obstacle, which could cause damage. [ECJ00642]



FJU33490

Storage

EWJ00330

WARNING

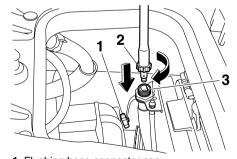
Always place the watercraft upright in a horizontal position when storing it, otherwise fuel could leak out into the engine or engine compartment, which could create a fire hazard.

Storage for long periods of time, such as winter storage, requires preventive maintenance to ensure against deterioration. It is advisable to have the watercraft serviced by a Yamaha dealer prior to storage. However, the following procedures can be performed by the owner.

Flushing the cooling system

Flushing the cooling system is essential to prevent it from clogging with salt, sand, or dirt.

- (1) Place the watercraft in a horizontal position.
- (2) Remove the rear seat and watertight compartment. (See page 24 for seat removal and installation procedures.)
- (3) Remove the flushing hose connector cap, and then insert the garden hose adapter into the flushing hose connector and turn it until it is securely connected.



- 1 Flushing hose connector cap
- 2 Garden hose adapter
- 3 Flushing hose connector

(4) Connect the garden hose adapter to a water tap using a garden hose.

TIP:

A garden hose is not included.

(5) Start the engine, and then immediately turn the water supply on until water flows out continually from the jet thrust nozzle. NOTICE: Do not run the engine for more than 15 seconds without supplying water or over 4000 r/min on land, otherwise the engine could overheat.

TIP:

[ECJ01050]

If you will be storing the watercraft for a prolonged period, such as winter storage, top off the fuel tank with fresh gasoline and add fuel stabilizer and conditioner to the fuel tank according to the manufacturer's instruction before starting the engine.



- (6) Run the engine at idling speed for about 3 minutes watching the engine condition. If the engine stops while flushing, turn the water supply off immediately and repeat the above steps. *NOTICE:* Do not supply water to the cooling water passages when the engine is not running. The water could flow back through the muffler into the engine, causing severe engine damage. [ECJ00122]
- (7) Turn the water supply off, and then force the remaining water out of the cooling

water passages by alternately squeezing and releasing the throttle lever for 10 to 15 seconds.

- (8) Stop the engine.
- (9) Remove the garden hose adapter and install the flushing hose connector cap.
- (10) Install the watertight compartment and the rear seat.

EJU36911

Lubrication

(1) Lubricate all cables such as the throttle and steering cables.

Use a suitable marine grease applicator to pressure-lubricate the cables and purge out any moisture between the inner and outer cables.

(2) Lubricate the areas of the watercraft specified in "Lubrication points" on page 77.

EJU33681

Battery

If the watercraft will not be used for more than a month, remove the battery from the watercraft and store it in a cool, dry place.

- Disconnect the negative (-) battery lead first, then the positive (+) battery lead and breather hose, and then remove the battery from the watercraft.
- (2) Clean the battery casing using fresh water.
- (3) If the battery terminals are dirty or corroded, clean them with a wire brush.
- (4) Fully charge the battery.
- (5) Apply Yamaha Marine Grease or Yamaha Grease A to the battery terminals, and then store the battery in a cool, dry place.
- (6) Check the battery at least once every 2 months and fully charge it if necessary. NOTICE: Always keep the battery charged. Storing a discharged battery

can cause permanent battery damage.

[ECJ00101]

To check the condition of the battery, check the specific gravity of the electrolyte or measure the voltage at both battery terminals. Charge the battery if the voltage is less than 12 volts.

Specific gravity (for reference): 1.28 at 20 °C (68 °F)

It is recommended to have a Yamaha dealer check the specific gravity and charge the battery. If you maintain the battery yourself, be sure to read and follow the instructions provided with the battery tester and charger you use.

EJU33731

Cleaning the watercraft

Clean the watercraft before storing it for a long period.

- (1) Wash down the hull, handlebars, and jet unit with fresh water.
- (2) Rinse the engine and engine compartment with fresh water. Drain all of the water and wipe up any remaining moisture with clean, dry rags. NOTICE: Do not use high-pressure water when rinsing the engine and engine compartment as severe engine damage could result.

[ECJ00111]

- (3) Spray the engine's exterior with a rust inhibitor and lubricant.
- (4) Wax the hull with a non-abrasive wax.
- (5) Wipe all vinyl and rubber components, such as the seat and engine compartment seals, with a vinyl protectant.

EJU33762

Maintenance and adjustments

Periodic inspection, adjustment, and lubrication will keep your watercraft in the safest and most efficient condition possible. Safety is an obligation of the watercraft owner. Proper maintenance must be carried out to keep the exhaust emission and sound levels within the regulated limits. The most important points of watercraft inspection, adjustment, and lubrication are explained on the following pages. See a Yamaha dealer for genuine Yamaha replacement parts and optional accessories designed for your watercraft.

Remember, failures that are the result of the installation of parts or accessories which are not qualitatively equivalent to genuine Yamaha parts are not covered by the limited warranty.

Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and system may be performed by any marine SI engine repair establishment or individual. Warranty repair, however, must be performed at an authorized Yamaha marine dealership.

EWJ00311



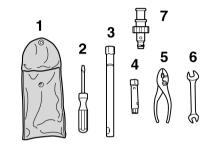
Be sure to turn off the engine when you perform maintenance unless otherwise specified. If you are not familiar with machine servicing, this work should be done by a Yamaha dealer or other qualified mechanic.

EJU33811

Owner's/operator's manual and tool kit

It is advisable to always carry the owner's/operator's manual and tool kit with you whenever you use the watercraft. For your convenience, a storage compartment is provided on the watercraft for the manual and tool kit. To protect these materials from water damage, it would be a good idea to put them in a waterproof bag.

The service information included in this manual is intended to provide you, the owner, with the necessary information for completing your own preventive maintenance and minor repairs. The tools provided in the tool kit are sufficient for this purpose, except that a torque wrench may also be necessary to tighten nuts and bolts.



- 1 Tool bag
- 2 Screwdriver
- 3 16 mm box wrench
- 4 10/12 mm box wrench
- 5 Pliers
- 6 Open-end wrench
- 7 Garden hose adapter

EJU37060

Periodic maintenance chart

The following chart gives general guidelines for periodic maintenance. However, maintenance may need to be performed more frequently depending on your operating conditions.

This "O" mark indicates maintenance that you may do yourself.

This "O" mark indicates work to be done by a Yamaha dealer.

		Initial			Thereafter every		
Item	Operation	10 hours	50 hours	100 hours	100 hours	200 hours	Page
			6 months	12 months	12 months	24 months	
Spark plugs	Check, clean, adjust	•/0		•/0	•/0		76
Lubrication points	Lubricate			•/0	•/0		77
Internal engine components	Lubricate		50 hou	○*2 urs or 12 r	nonths		
QSTS cables	Lubricate			0	0		1
Intermediate hous- ing	Lubricate	0		•/0	•/○		77
Fuel system	Check			0	0		74
Fuel tank	Check, clean			•/0	•/0		74
Trolling speed	Check, adjust			•/0	•/0		80
Throttle shaft	Check			0	0		1
Cooling water pas- sages	Flush	●*1					69
Water inlet strain- er	Check, clean			0	0		1
Bilge strainer	Clean			0	0		1
Electric bilge pump strainer	Check, clean			0	0		1
Impeller	Check			0	0		
Jet thrust nozzle angle	Check, adjust			•/○	•/○		74
Steering master	Check	0		0	0		_
QSTS mechanism	Check, adjust	0		0	0		_
Shift cable and re- verse gate	Check, adjust			•/0	•/0		75
Throttle cable	Check, adjust	0		•/0	•/0		75
Stern drain plugs	Check, replace			0	0		49

		Initial			Thereafter every		
Item	Operation	10 hours	50 hours	100 hours	100 hours	200 hours	Page
			6 months	12 months	12 months	24 months	
Battery	Check, charge			•/0	•/0		78
Rubber coupling	Check					0	_
Engine mount	Check					0	
Nuts and bolts	Check	0		0	0		
Air filter element	Check			0	0		74
Engine oil	Replace	0	50 hours or 12 months			74	
Oil filter	Replace			0	0		74
Valve clearance	Check, adjust					0	_

^{*1} This operation should be performed after every use.

^{*2} This operation should be performed before long-term storage.

EJU34212

Checking the fuel system

EWJ00381

MARNING

Leaking fuel can result in fire or explosion.

- Check for fuel leakage regularly.
- If any fuel leakage is found, the fuel system must be repaired by a qualified mechanic. Improper repairs can make the watercraft unsafe to operate.

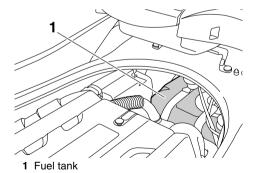
Check the fuel system for leaks, cracks, and malfunctions. If any problem is found, consult a Yamaha dealer.

Check:

- Fuel tank filler cap and seal for damage
- Fuel in fuel tank for water and dirt
- Fuel tank for damage, cracks, and leakage
- Fuel hoses and joints for damage, cracks, and leakage
- Air bleeding passages for leakage

Fuel tank

Check the fuel tank for leakage and for water in the tank. If water is found in the fuel system, or if the fuel tank needs to be cleaned, have a Yamaha dealer service the watercraft.



FJU36951

Engine oil and oil filter

EWJ00340

WARNING

Engine oil is extremely hot immediately after the engine is turned off. Coming in contact with or getting any engine oil on your clothes could result in burns.

ECJ00991

NOTICE

Do not run the engine with too much or not enough oil in the engine, otherwise the engine could be damaged.

It is recommended to have a Yamaha dealer change the engine oil. However, if you choose to change the oil on your own, consult a Yamaha dealer.

Recommended engine oil:

SAE 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-40, 20W-50

Oil grade:

API SE,SF,SG,SH,SJ,SL

Oil quantity:

With oil filter replacement:

3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt)

Without oil filter replacement: 3.0 L (3.17 US qt, 2.64 Imp.qt)

Total amount:

4.3 L (4.55 US qt, 3.78 Imp.qt)

EJU34311

Air filter element

Have a Yamaha dealer check the air filter element at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance chart.

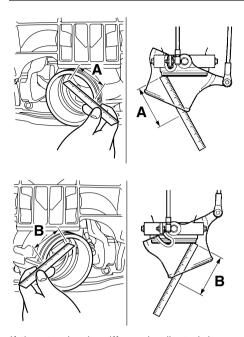
EJU34321

Checking the jet thrust nozzle angle

Check the handlebars and jet thrust nozzle for smooth operation.

Turn the handlebars as far as possible to the right and left and check that the difference of distances A and B between the jet thrust nozzle and the nozzle is within specification.

Difference of A and B: Maximum 5 mm (0.20 in)

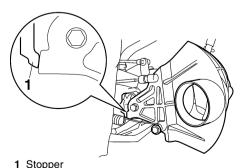


If the steering is stiff or misadjusted, have a Yamaha dealer service it.

EJU36590

Checking the shift cable

Place the shift lever in the reverse position. Make sure that the reverse gate makes contact with the stopper.

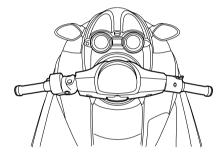


If the reverse gate does not make contact with the stopper, have a Yamaha dealer service it.

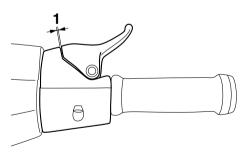
Checking the throttle lever

Operate the throttle lever several times to make sure that it moves back to the fully closed (idle) position when released. Also, make sure that the throttle lever free play is within the specified range.

 Adjust the handlebars to the lowest position and face them straight ahead. (See "Telescopic steering system" on page 29 for more information.)



- (2) Squeeze and release the throttle lever.
- (3) Check the throttle lever free play with the throttle lever in the fully closed (idle) position.



1 Throttle lever free play

Throttle lever free play: 2.0–5.0 mm (0.08–0.20 in)

If the throttle lever does not move smoothly or if the throttle lever free play is not within the specified range, have a Yamaha dealer service the watercraft.

EJU37041

Cleaning and adjusting the spark plugs

EWJ00350

WARNING

Be careful not to damage the insulator when removing or installing a spark plug. A damaged insulator could allow sparks to escape, which could result in a fire or explosion.

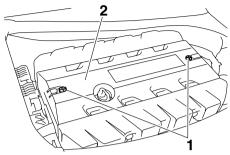
The spark plug is an important engine component and is easy to inspect. The condition of the spark plug can indicate something about the condition of the engine. For example, if one spark plug has a distinctly different color, the engine could require servicing. Do not attempt to diagnose any problems yourself. Have a Yamaha dealer service the watercraft. Remove and inspect the spark plugs periodically; heat and deposits will cause the spark plugs to slowly break down and erode. If electrode erosion becomes excessive, or if carbon and other deposits are excessive, replace the spark plug with the specified plug.

Specified spark plug: LFR6A

To remove a spark plug:

(1) Remove the seats. (See page 24 for seat removal and installation procedures.)

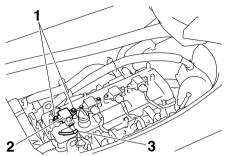
(2) Remove the engine cover screws, and then remove the engine cover.



- 1 Engine cover screw
- 2 Engine cover
- (3) Remove the spark plug cap bolts, and then remove the spark plug cap. NOTICE: Do not use any tools to remove or install the spark plug cap, otherwise the ignition coil coupler could be damaged. The spark plug cap may be difficult to remove because the rubber seal on the end of the cap fits tightly. To remove the spark plug cap, simply twist it back and forth while pulling it up; to install it, twist it back and forth while pushing it down. [ECJO02211]

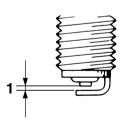
TIP:

If removing the spark plug cap nearest the stern, remove the plastic tie that is securing the wiring harness before removing the cap.



- 1 Spark plug cap bolt
- 2 Spark plug cap
- 3 Plastic tie
- (4) Remove the spark plug.

Measure the spark plug gap with a wire thickness gauge. Replace the spark plug or adjust the gap to specification if necessary.



1 Spark plug gap

Spark plug gap: 0.8–0.9 mm (0.031–0.035 in)

To install a spark plug:

- (1) Clean the gasket surface.
- (2) Wipe any dirt from the threads of the spark plug.

(3) Install the spark plug, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Spark plug tightening torque: 24.5 Nm (2.50 kgf-m, 18.1 ft-lb)

TIP:

If a torque wrench is not available when you are installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 turn to 1/2 turn past finger tight using the spark plug wrench included in the tool kit. Have the spark plug adjusted to the correct torque with a torque wrench as soon as possible.

(4) Wipe off any water on the spark plug or inside the spark plug cap, and then install the cap. Push the spark plug cap down until it is securely installed, and then install the spark plug cap bolts and tighten them to the specified torque.

If the spark plug cap nearest the stern was removed, secure the wiring harness by installing the plastic tie after installing the cap.

Spark plug cap bolt tightening torque: 7.6 Nm (0.77 kgf-m, 5.6 ft-lb)

(5) Install the engine cover and engine cover screws, and then install the seats.

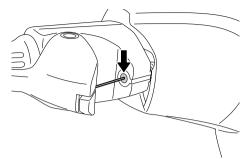
EJU37490

Lubrication points

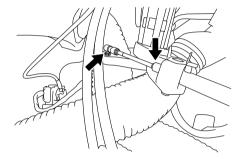
To keep moving parts sliding or rotating smoothly, coat them with water-resistant grease.

Recommended water-resistant grease: Yamaha Marine Grease/Yamaha Grease A

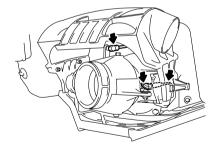
• Throttle cable (handlebar end)



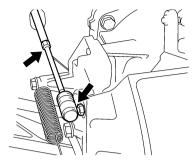
• Steering cable (handlebar end)



- Steering cable (jet thrust nozzle end)
- QSTS rod (jet thrust nozzle end)



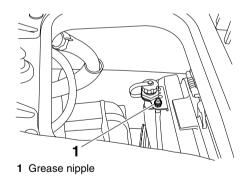
• Shift cable (reverse gate end)



Intermediate housing
 Fill the intermediate housing with water-resistant grease through the grease nipple using a grease gun.

Grease quantity:
Initial 10 hours or 1 month:
33.0–35.0 cm³ (1.12–1.18 US oz,
1.16–1.23 Imp.oz)

Every 100 hours or 12 months:
6.0–8.0 cm³ (0.20–0.27 US oz,
0.21–0.28 Imp.oz)



FJU34452

Checking the battery

Check the level of the battery electrolyte and make sure that the negative (-) and positive (+) battery leads are tightened securely.

WARNING

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, causing severe burns, etc. Electrolyte contains sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Antidotes

External: Flush with water.

Internal: Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention.

Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flames, cigarettes, etc., well away. If using or charging the battery in an enclosed space, make sure that it is well ventilated. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

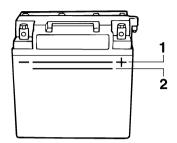
Keep out of the reach of children.

To remove the battery:

Disconnect the negative (–) battery lead first, then the positive (+) battery lead and breather hose, and then remove the battery from the watercraft.

To replenish the battery:

(1) Make sure that the electrolyte level is between the maximum and minimum level marks.



- 1 Maximum level mark
- 2 Minimum level mark
- (2) If the electrolyte level is low, add distilled water to raise it to the specified level. NOTICE: Use only distilled water for replenishing the battery, otherwise battery life could be shortened. [ECJ00241]

To recharge the battery:

ECJ00250

NOTICE

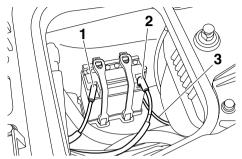
Do not attempt to charge a battery hastily. Battery life could be shortened.

It is recommended to have a Yamaha dealer charge the battery. If you charge the battery yourself, be sure to read and follow the instructions provided with the battery tester and charger you use.

To install the battery:

- Place the battery in the battery compartment. Connect the red lead to the positive
 (+) battery terminal, and then connect the black lead to the negative (-) battery terminal. NOTICE: Reversal of the battery leads will damage the electrical parts.
- (2) Connect the breather hose to the battery.

(3) Secure the battery in place. WARNING! Fire or explosion could result if the breather hose is damaged, obstructed, or not connected properly. [EWJ000451]



- 1 Negative (-) battery terminal: Black lead
- 2 Positive (+) battery terminal: Red lead
- 3 Breather hose

EJU34491

Fuel injection system

If the fuel injection system is malfunctioning, have a Yamaha dealer service the watercraft.

Checking the trolling speed

- (1) Place the watercraft in the water.
- (2) Start the engine and warm it up. Use the tachometer in the dual analog meter unit to check the trolling speed.

Trolling speed: 1250 ±100 r/min

If the trolling speed is out of specification, have a Yamaha dealer service the watercraft.

Specifications

Specifications	Spark plug: LFR6A
Watercraft capacity:	Spark plug gap:
Maximum people on board:	0.8–0.9 mm (0.031–0.035 in)
3 person	Battery capacity:
Maximum load capacity:	12 V, 19.0 Ah
240 kg (530 lb)	Charging system:
Dimensions:	Flywheel magneto
Length:	Drive unit:
3370 mm (132.7 in)	Propulsion system:
Width:	Jet pump
1230 mm (48.4 in)	Jet pump type:
Height:	Axial flow, single stage
1160 mm (45.7 in)	Impeller rotation:
Dry weight:	Counterclockwise
369 kg (813 lb)	Jet thrust nozzle angle:
Performance:	24.0+24.0 °
Maximum output (according to ISO 8665/SAE	Jet thrust nozzle trim angle:
J1228):	-10, -5, 0, 5, 10 °
154.50 kW@7500 r/min	Fuel and oil:
Maximum fuel consumption:	Recommended fuel:
67.3 L/h (17.8 US gal/h, 14.8 Imp.gal/h)	Regular unleaded gasoline
Cruising range at full throttle:	Minimum octane rating (PON):
1.04 hour	86
Trolling speed:	Minimum octane rating (RON):
1250 ±100 r/min	90
Engine:	Recommended engine oil type SAE:
Engine type:	SAE 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-40, 20W-50
Liquid cooled 4-stroke, DOHC	Recommended engine oil grade API:
Number of cylinders:	API SE,SF,SG,SH,SJ,SL Fuel tank total capacity:
4	70 L (18.5 US gal, 15.4 Imp.gal)
Engine displacement:	Engine oil quantity with oil filter replacement:
1812 cm ³	3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt)
Bore & stroke:	Engine oil quantity without oil filter replacement:
86.0 × 78.0 mm (3.39 × 3.07 in)	3.0 L (3.17 US qt, 2.64 Imp.qt)
Compression ratio: 8.6 : 1	Engine oil total quantity:
Valve clearance-intake (cold):	4.3 L (4.55 US qt, 3.78 lmp.qt)
0.14–0.23 mm (0.0055–0.0091 in)	- (47 17 - 17
Valve clearance-exhaust (cold):	
0.28–0.37 mm (0.0110–0.0146 in)	
Lubrication system:	
Wet sump	
Cooling system:	
Water	
Starting system:	

Electric Ignition system: T.C.I. FJU34560

Troubleshooting

If you have any trouble with your watercraft, use this section to check for the possible cause. If you cannot find the cause, or if the procedure for replacement or repair is not described in this owner's/operator's manual, have a Yamaha dealer perform the necessary service.

Troubleshooting chart

TROUBLE	POSS	SIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY	PAGE
Engine does not start (Starter motor	Yamaha Se- curity System	Lock mode selected	Select unlock mode	33
does not turn over)	Engine shut- off switch	Clip not in place	Install clip	26
	Fuse	Burned out	Replace fuse and check wiring	86
	Battery	Run down	Recharge	78
		Poor terminal con- nections	Tighten as required	78
		Terminal corroded	Clean	70
	Starter motor	Faulty	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	_
Engine does not	Throttle lever	Squeezed	Release	27
start (Starter motor turns over)	Fuel	Empty	Refill as soon as possible	43
		Stale or contaminated	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	74
	Fuel tank	Water or dirt present	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	74
	Spark plug	Fouled or defective	Clean or replace	76
	Spark plug cap	Not connected or loose	Connect properly	76
		Connected to wrong cylinder	Connect properly	76
	Fuel injec- tion system	Fuel pump faulty	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	_

TROUBLE	POSS	SIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY	PAGE
Engine runs irregu- larly or stalls	Fuel	Empty	Refill as soon as possible	43
		Stale or contaminated	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	74
	Fuel tank	Water or dirt present	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	74
	Spark plug	Fouled or defective	Replace	76
		Incorrect heat range	Replace	76
		Gap incorrect	Adjust	76
	Spark plug	Loose	Connect properly	76
	cap	Cracked, torn, or damaged	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	_
	Electrical wir- ing	Loose connection	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	_
	Fuel injec- tion system	Faulty or clogged in- jectors	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	_
Warning light or in- dicator blinks	Fuel level	Empty	Refill as soon as possible	43
	Oil pressure warning	Oil pressure dropped	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	37
	Engine over- heated	Jet intake clogged	Clean	85
	Check engine warning	Faulty sensors	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	39

TROUBLE	POSS	SIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY	PAGE
Watercraft slow or loses power	Shift lever	Not completely shift- ed into forward posi- tion	Push lever forward until it stops	29
	Yamaha Se- curity System	Low-RPM mode selected	Select normal mode	33
	Cavitation	Jet intake clogged	Clean	85
		Impeller damaged or worn	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	85
	Engine over- heat warning	Engine speed reduction control activated	Clean jet intake and cool engine	38
	Oil pressure warning	Engine speed reduction control activated	Add oil	37
	Spark plug	Fouled or defective	Replace	76
		Incorrect heat range	Replace	76
		Gap incorrect	Adjust	76
	Spark plug cap	Loose	Connect properly	76
	Electrical wir- ing	Loose connection	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	_
	Fuel	Stale or contaminated	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	74
	Air filter	Clogged	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	74
		Oil buildup	Have serviced by Yamaha dealer	74

FJU34620

Emergency procedures

EJU34631

Cleaning the jet intake and impeller

EWJ00780

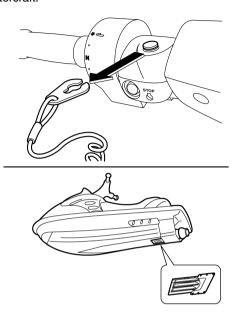
WARNING

Before attempting to remove weeds or debris from the jet intake or impeller area, shut the engine off and remove the clip from the engine shut-off switch. Severe injury or death could result from coming in contact with the rotating parts of the jet pump.

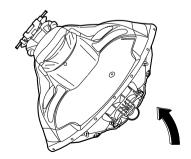
If weeds or debris gets caught in the jet intake or impeller, cavitation can occur, causing jet thrust to decrease even though engine speed rises. If this condition is allowed to continue, the engine will overheat and may seize. *NOTICE:* If weeds or debris gets caught in the jet intake, do not operate the watercraft above trolling speed until they have been removed. [ECJO00651]

If there is any sign that the jet intake or impeller is clogged with weeds or debris, return to shore and check the intake and impeller. Al-

ways stop the engine before beaching the watercraft.



(1) Place a suitable clean cloth or carpeting underneath the watercraft to protect it from abrasions and scratches. Turn the watercraft on its side as shown. NOTICE: Always turn the watercraft over onto its port (left) side. When turning the watercraft on its side, support the bow so that the handlebars are not bent or damaged. [ECJOOS61]



(2) Remove any weeds or debris from around the jet intake, drive shaft, impeller, jet pump housing, and jet thrust nozzle.

If debris is difficult to remove, consult a Yamaha dealer.

FJU34641

Jumping the battery

If the watercraft battery has run down, the engine can be started using a 12-volt booster battery and jumper cables.

EJU34662

Connecting the jumper cables

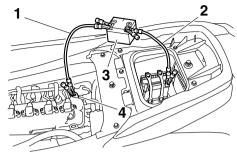
EWJ01250

WARNING

To avoid battery explosion and serious damage to the electrical system:

- Do not reverse the polarity of the jumper cables when connecting to the batteries.
- Do not connect the negative (-) jumper cable to the negative (-) terminal of the watercraft battery.
- Do not touch the positive (+) jumper cable to the negative (-) jumper cable.
- (1) Connect the positive (+) jumper cable to the positive (+) battery terminals of both batteries.
- (2) Connect one end of the negative (–) jumper cable to the negative (–) battery terminal of the booster battery.

(3) Connect the other end of the negative (–) jumper cable to an engine hanger.



- 1 Negative (-) jumper cable
- 2 Positive (+) jumper cable
- 3 Booster battery
- 4 Engine hanger
- (4) Start the engine, and then disconnect the jumper cables by reversing the steps above. NOTICE: Never push the start switch while the engine is running. Do not operate the start switch for more than 5 seconds, otherwise the battery will be discharged and the engine will not start. Also, the starter motor could be damaged. If the engine does not start in 5 seconds, release the start switch, wait 15 seconds, and then try again. [ECJOO481]

EJU36991

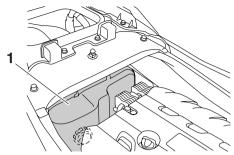
Replacing the fuses

The fuses are located in the electrical box.

To replace a fuse:

(1) Remove the seats. (See page 24 for seat removal and installation procedures.)

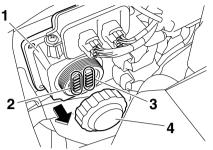
(2) Remove the electrical box cover.



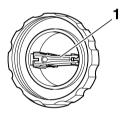
- 1 Electrical box cover
- (3) Remove the cap on the electrical box.
- (4) Replace the blown fuse with the spare fuse of the correct amperage by using the fuse puller on the reverse side of the cap. WARNING! Do not use fuses of higher amperage than recommended. Substitution with a fuse that has an improper rating can cause extensive electrical

system damage and possible fire.

[EWJ00801]



- 1 Electrical box
- 2 Spare fuse
- 3 Fuse
- 4 Cap



1 Fuse puller

Fuse amperage: Battery fuse:

30 A

Main relay drive fuse:

10 A

Electronic throttle valve fuse:

10 A

Security system fuse:

3 A

Main fuse:

20 A

- (5) Install the cap.
- (6) Install the electrical box cover.
- (7) Install the seats.

EJU34711

Towing the watercraft

EWJ00811

WARNING

- The operator of the towing boat must keep speed to a minimum and avoid traffic or obstacles which could be a hazard to the operator on the watercraft.
- The towline should be long enough so that the watercraft will not collide with the towing boat when slowing down.

If the watercraft becomes inoperative in the water, it can be towed to shore.

When the watercraft is towed using a towline, the operator should hold onto the handlebars and ride the watercraft in order to balance it. Use a towline that is three times the combined length of the towing boat and the watercraft.



1 Bow eye

Tow the watercraft at 5 mph (8 km/h) or less. The bow must be kept up out of the water during towing to prevent water from entering the engine compartment.

EJU36151

Submerged watercraft

If the watercraft is submerged or flooded with water, follow the procedure below and consult a Yamaha dealer as soon as possible. Failure to do so could result in serious engine damage.

 Beach the watercraft and remove the stern drain plugs to drain the water from the engine compartment. (See page 49 for more information.)

Remove the storage compartment drain plugs to drain the water from the storage compartments.

- Install the stern drain plugs and storage compartment drain plugs.
- (3) Have the watercraft inspected by a Yamaha dealer as soon as possible. NOTICE: Be sure to have a Yamaha dealer inspect the watercraft. Otherwise, serious engine damage could result. [ECJ00791]

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